Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

VOL. XII. BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 18, 1880. NO. 32.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
OF NEW YORK.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HENRY GREEN,
Of Northampton.
AUDITOR GENERAL,
JOHN A. LEMON,
Of Blair.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE Philadelphia *Times* may as well throw off the cloak of independence and sail under its true colors first as last. It cannot fool its readers any longer as to its true purposes and intents, neither can it make any votes for Hancock by the guerilla course it is pursuing. It is also about time it ceased to howl about "party organs." If the *Times* is not a Democratic organ of the rankest sort, then there are no organs in this country.

SENATOR DAVIS says "the people demand a change." This is a mooted point, and will be settled in November next. The Democratic politicians, North and South, have been clamoring for a change ever since 1860, and it is almost as certain as anything can be that if they had at any time succeeded in getting what they desired, it would not have resulted in any benefit to "the people." The country can gain nothing by a change now, but it may be seriously damaged by placing the government in new and untried hands.

IT is a little absurd that Messrs. Weaver and De La Matyr should continue to assure the country that there has not been a fair election in Alabama for years. The whole country has been long aware of the fact. It was not at all unpleasant to the Democracy, and Messrs. Weaver and De La Matyr have only opened their eyes to the truths which Republicans have been urging on them for some time. It is rather amusing to Republicans and perplexing to the Democrats to find these gentlemen waving the bloody shirt.

THE Baltimore *Gazette* says Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, after a very careful inquiry, concludes that the regular Hancock electors will be chosen in Virginia, and adds: "We earnestly trust that Gen. Lee may prove to be right, and it is quite possible that the election of Hancock and English may turn upon the unfortunate local interests in the Old Dominion."

What! Quite possible that the election may turn upon the vote of the Old Dominion, with a solid South to start on, and New York, Pennsylvania, Indiana, New Jersey, Connecticut, Maine and one or two of the Pacific States *all* sure for Hancock! There must be some mistake about this.

GENERAL LOGAN has made the Baltimore *Gazette* as mad as a march hare, because he used this language

"Gen Hancock says, in his letter of acceptance, that he does not believe that the bayonet is the proper instrument for collecting ballots. Neither do I. But I say to Gen. Hancock that while he does not believe the bayonet to be the proper instrument for collecting ballots—neither do I—I do not believe the shot-gun or the bowie knife is the proper instrument, and while ballots are collected by the shot-gun and while ballots are collected by the bowie knife—while these things are done—Gen. Hancock and no one else has the right to say that any instrument shall no be employed to protect the citizin in his rights, without interference."

The answer which the irate Bourbon makes to the above may be skeletonized thus: "Demagogue"—"passions"—"mob"—"soldiers at the polls"—"trash." The news from Alabama has had its effect even in Baltimore.

A Change would be for the Worse.

Some conscientious men seem to think that perhaps it would be as well to make a change in the administration of the national government. Such men are always of Democratic antecedents, but if they are really honest in what they say, we have the following reasons to offer why a change would not be desirable, and why they, as independent voters, should not be in favor of it. A change could not be desired unless it would be for the better. The Republican party has given the country remarkable prosperity in commerce and industry and unwonted puriety in administration. But Democratic history, Democratic behavior, the constituent elements which make up the Democratic party and its selection of leaders in the critical States, all go to show that the success of that party would involve great peril; that it probably would not be a change for the better, but for the worse.

For years the Democratic party has been showing what it wants to do. Its conduct has not satisfied conservative, conscientious and independent voters that it desires or will try to do better than the Republican party has done already. The Republican party gives evidence not of deterioration, but of gradual improvement. It may be expected to do not only as well as it has done, but better still. The voters to whom this reasoning is addressed hold the balance of power in every Northern State. They do not care much for mere partisanship. The division of the spoils interests them but little. They want decent government and national prosperity, and the Republican party has been securing both in gradualily increasing measures. The Democratic party, judged by its own conduct, cannot be expected to secure either.

Democracy, for instance, would crowd a new set of men into office all over the country—men inexperienced, selected in hot haste, and with almost exclusive regard to their services as partisans. The Republican party has been gradually improving the character of the public service; of this, candid Democrats themselves bear witness. Most of the men in office have experience, and have been selected with some regard for their qualifications. The sweeping and wholesale change which Democratic victory would involve would result in great demonstration of the service, and in serious cost to the tax-payers. No matter how good the intentions of a Democratic President, he would be compelled to distribute the "spoils to the victors," and would therefore necessarily displace thousands of experienced to make room for inexperienced men; thousands of tried public servants to make room for untried partisan workers. Sober men know that this would not be an imaginary, but a most real and serious evil. What is to be gained by it?

Democracy again is intensely hostile to Republican systems of finance, banking and taxation. No one can say what changes might result from the raising of that party to power. The one thing certain is that the change would be very great. The party has persistently voted against resumption and the methods necessary to maintain it; against national banking and honest treatment of national banks; against duties on imports which have encouraged a remarkable development of important industries. The Democratic party would unquestionably make radical and almost revolutionary changes if it could, and should it elect a President it would have the power.

The Republican policy has given the country *great prosperity. Everybody realizes the fact. Workingmen know it when they receive their wages. Business men realize it when they make up their accounts.* No doubt the Republican policy has been marred by many errors. But its tendency has been steadily towards maintenance of the public faith, toward the use of a sound currency, and towards reasonable encouragement of all our industries. Is there any reason to hope that a change would be for the better? Is the country ready to court the loss that would be sure to come by a radical change in the policy of the administration?

The essence of the question at issue in this election so far as candidates are concerned is: The one is unfitted by his purely military career and the blankness of his mind on questions of the day to make a competent President. The other is peculiarly fitted by experience and mental traing and his safe conservative opinions to fill well the Executive office. General Garfield is not as great a soldier as General Hancock, but he is what a President should be—*a statesman.* Patriots will vote for Garfield and Arthur.

Republican Mass Meeting.

We call attention of the Republicans of Centre county to the fact that there is going to be one of the largest Republican mass meetings at Bellefonte on Wednesday evening, August 25, that has been held in this county for years, and we hope that Republicans from all over the county will be present. Gen. Stewart L. Woodford of New York will be there. Gen. Woodford is one of the most eloquent speakers in the country. Every one who fails to hear him will regret it all their lives. Dr. W. C. Doan of Williamsport will also speak. Two such silver-tonged orators should draw a crowd; but they are not the only attractions. A torchlight procession, miles in length, will parade our streets. Garfield and Arthur clubs will appear in uniform. Some will carry shooting torches that will illumine their pathway, like the noonday sun.

The houses will be decorated and illuminated. We expect that even Governor Curtin will become interested enough to hang out a flag, and if he will do that and illuminate his house, we will give him three times three and a tiger, just in remembrance of old times. Thousands of Republicans will be in line. Thousands of honest fellows, who are determined to vote as they shot, in favor of a perfect union and true liberty, for protection to American labor, for a full vote, free ballot and fair count, opposed to sectionalism and fraud to the south controlling this government, to the payment of rebel war claims, opposed to such counting out as has just been done in Alabama. In fact, opposed to dishonesty in every form in the administration of the government. COME EVERYONE TO BELLEFONTE WEDNESDAY NIGHT, AUG. 25, AND SEE THE GREATEST MEETING THAT EVER WAS IN THIS MOUNTAIN TOWN.

WE find the following in the New York *Tribune*, and offer it to show that Mr. Stephens, whom many Northern men have thought to be the fairest-minded rebel of them all, is notwithstanding no less a rebel:

Alex. H. Stephens on Secession.

SIR: Your editorial in to-day's *Tribune*, entitled "Revealing their Real Purpose," is good. If you desire to lay bare the real sentiments of the managing Democratic statesmen I beg leave to suggest that you print a few sentences from A. H. Stephen's "Reviewers Reviewed." For instance, in the third paragraph page 44, he says: "The war was inaugurated by the authorities at Washington . . . . while the Confederate Commissioners, with the olive branch of peace in their hands," etc. On page 31 he says: "There is no such thing as one great single Republic," etc.; and on page 32; "*Secession is a sovereign right. It exists not by virtue of the Constitution, but by virtue of State sovereignty.*" There is enough of just such devlishness in that book to run a dozen anti-State rights campaigns, and it has done and will do more harm than A. H. Stephens ever did during the war. Stephens, on page 32, asserts that he now believes, and always has "in the right of the secession." The people of the North have never understood this man's position. He is one of the worst in the lot, only a little more cunning than the others.

Very truly, P.

Washington, D. C., July 10, 1880.

The Greatest Good to the Greatest Number.

One of the cardinal maxims of our government is, "the greatest good to the greatest number." The main issue of the campaign seems to turn upon this maxim. Or, in other words, shall the South with little commercial, manufacturing or business issues at stake, and improvished by the pernicious political and other doctrines, control the government and shape the policy that is to direct the great industries of every kind that flourish in the North and West? We think the business men of the North and West should give this subject more attention than they do. They should ask before voting the Democratic ticket, "Why should we invite these planters of the South who do not even own the railroads that carry their cotton to market, to legislate for our factories, our banks, our shipping interests, and our transportation lines?" Ask this question of any Democrat and he cannot answer you. The question is one of vital importance. The well known jealousy of the South to Northern institutions and an inquiry into their policy should they gain control, does not give to any business man the assurance of safety he now has. The government receives its entire support from internal revenue taxes and custom duties. What proportion of these does the South pay? Or how much does the South contribute to the support of the government it seeks to control? Of internal revenue it pays seventeen per cent., and of this 95 per cent. is realized from whiskey and tobacco. Of custom duties it pays one and six-tenth per cent. Of manufactured goods, but six and one-half per cent is the product of the South. The South does but 3½ per cent of the mining of the country. But four-tenths of one per cent of the entire amount deposited in savings banks is deposited in Southern savings vaults. Space does not permit us to further enumerate the comparative importance and wealth of the two great sections of our country. But a careful study of the great subject of National wealth we have but merely outlined will, we are convinced, make plain to every business man the vital necessity of keeping in power the party under whose rule the country and its interests have assumed such immense proportions.

All signs point to the complete dissolution of the Greenback party in Indiana. It is difficult to get enough intelligent men to make up their ticket, although in 1878 they polled 37,000 votes. It is the dissolution of this party in Indiana which renders that State so doubtful. This party started into existence when business was very dull all over the country, and a hope was entertained that a great inflation of the currency would set the wheels of business in motion. But now that the same result has been attained by the resumption of specie payments, there seems to be no further use for that party and its sensible leaders, and the leading men are announcing their determination to return to the two great parties. Not over 5,000 or 6,000 Greenback votes will be polled in Indiana this fall.

THE Maine canvass is being fought on the Republican side mainly on the tariff and financial issues. The Democratic platform means free trade and free ships. This means ruin to leading industries in Maine. Ship-building is an important interest in the Pine Tree State, and the Democratic party proposes to throw it all into the hands of British ship-builders, and open the entire coasting trade to foreign vessels. Ever since this was a nation, the coasting trade has been in the hands of our ship-owners, sailing American vessels and American crews. Under a Republican tariff Maine has built over 3,000 vessels, at an aggregate cost of $70,000,000, the largest portion of which was distributed among mechanics. This sums equals $12,000 a day for every working day since the Republicans got into power—and this is but one item which the Democrats propose to distribute among British workmen to the impoverishment of our own mechanics through the free trade system. The working men of Maine want no free trade, knowing that it means idle ship-yards, silent forges and factories and starvation wages to those who can find anything to do.

Democrats Orate at Marsh Creek.

A correspondent at Marsh Creek writes to us in substance as follows:

The unterrified Democracy held quite a meeting at the Marsh Creek school-house last Thursday evening. The meeting was arranged by the township chairman and railroad manipulator, James A. McClain, of Central City. They expected to see quite a crowd, but taking out the four fourth-rate lawyers who were to speak and six that came from Milesburg, there were twenty-six voters in the house, ten from town and sixteen from the immediate vicinity. Ten of these were Republicans.

After electing a Greenback president of the meeting Chairman Spangler introduced G. A. Barrett, and such an effort no man ever listened to before. He labored very hard to show that it was the Republicans who first fired upon Fort Sumter; that they commissioned all the rebel generals, and a lot more of such nonsense.

Poor Barrett! How we pity him. It was one of the tamest, silliest things we ever heard—weak is no name for such a contemptible, half-copied effort at speech-making.

Fortney followed him. God pity the Republican or Greenbacker that this foul-mouthed orator could convert. He claims the Democrats are fighting rebel pensions, and the Republicans are trying to pay them. He throwed himself around as though he had cramp in the stomach; but with all this, and the tissue of lies uttered by both of these men, one thing is sure—not a vote was made by it all. This school district is good for sixteen Republican majority this fall, and with a little effort we will do even better than that." We do not doubt but that our correspondent has reported correctly as far as he has gone. The ideas advanced by these men to the people of Marsh Creek, and yet we are surprised that they should attempt to palm off such stuff upon intelligent men. Do the Democratic lawyers of this town think the people of Marsh Creek are fools? Do they think that by such subterfuge they can convince intelligent men that the Republican party is in any measure responsible for the overt act committed by the rebels, or that the Republican party could ever be induced to consent to the payment of rebel claims? And yet these men parade themselves over the county telling the silliest kind of lies and seem to expect that they will find men to believe them. A cause that is bolstered up by such a tissue of lies deserves the contempt of all intelligent men. Instead of making Democratic voters they ought to make Republican votes everywhere they go.

Free Trade.

In a letter from a European correspondent published in the Pittsburgh *Commercial-Gazette*, we find the following upon the subject of the tariff. Every honest voter should reflect before he votes for a measure that is sure to bring ruin and poverty upon the great mass of laboring men in this country, thereby paralizing every interest and industry.

The correspondent says: "Can it be that this country, where all the necessities of life are dearer than they are in every other country, and where the towns are crowded with paupers, where the work-houses are overflowing, and where a few bad harvests have nearly ruined the farmers; can it be that this is the country that is held up to us as a model of the results of free trade?

"A manufacturer said to me the other day that he was glad there was a prospect of electing a free trade President in America, as unless America should give up protection he did not know what should become of English manufacturers. Supposing America does thus act in British interests, I asked, what will then become of American manufacturers? The answer was, 'Oh, you have the world for a market for your grain. You have no right to have everything. Surely if we English take your wheat you Americans should take our wares.' And here another manufacturer joined in with 'Yes, only reduce your duties and we shall be able to increase our prices.'

"There is no concealing the fact. Nothing that has occurred for years in America has given the English so much satisfaction as that free trade plank in the Democratic platform."

"From the beginning of the investigation concerning Mr. Ames' issue of the Credit Mobilier, I believed that General Garfield was free from all guilty connection with that business. . . . NOT A PARTICLE OF PROOF EXISTS to show that he learned anything about it PREVIOUS TO HIS CONVERSATION WITH ME, and I think you will say that it is altogether unjust to put him on the list of those who knowingly and willfully joined the fraudulent association in question." — Hon. Jeremiah S. Black's letter to Mr. Blaine, February 15, 1873.

"Your expressed determination to see that General Garfild shall be defended against all unjust aspersions upon his personal character is equally pleasant reading to me. I have been his devoted friend for many years, and I am resolved that I never will believe that he does not deserve the affection I have bestowed upon him. If he would carry the principles which regulate his private life into his public conduct he would make the best Chief Magistrate we have ever had."—HON. JEREMIAH S. BLACK'S LETTER TO COL. MCCLURE, June 28, 1880.

An Humble Printer.

A Dutchman, sitting in the door of his tavern in the far West, is approached by a tall, thin Yankee, who is emigrating westward on foot, with a bundle hung on a cane over his shoulder.

'Vell, Mr. Valking Stick, vat you vant?' inquired the Dutchman.

'Rest and refreshment,' replied the printer.

'Supper and lotchin', I reckon?'

'Yes, supper and lodging, if you please.'

'Pe ye a Yankee peddler, und chewelry in your pack to sheat der gal?'

'No, sir; I am not a Yankee peddler.'

'A singin' master, too lasey fer to vork?'

'No, sir.'

'A shenteel shoemaker, vot loves to measure der gal's feet and hank les better tan to make der shoe?'

'No, sir, or I should have mended my own shoes."

'A book achent vot bodders der school committees till tay do vot you wish, choost to get rid of you?'

'Guess again, sir; I am no book agent.

'Ter tyfuls! A dentist, preaking der people's jaw at a dollar a snag, and runnin' off mit a daughter?'

'No, sir; I am no tooth-puller.'

'Phrenologus, den, feeling der folk's heads like so much cabbitch?'

'No; I am no phrenologist.'

'Vell, den, vat ter tyfuls can you be? Shoost tell, you shall have the best sassage for supper, and sday all night, free gratis, mitout a cent, and a chill of whiskey to start mit in the mornin'.'

'I am a humble disciple of Faust—a professor of the art that preserves all arts—a typographer, at your service.'

'Votsch dot?'

'A printer, sir: a man that prints books and newspapers.'

'A man vot printsch noosepapers! Oh, yaw, yaw! ay, dat ish it. A man vot printsch noosepapers! yaw, yaw. Valk up. A man vot prints noosepapers! I vish I may be shot if I did not tink you vas a poor tyful of a dishtrick schoolmaster who works for nodding and boards round—I tought you vas him!'

Poetry.

A Question of To-Day.

In a little log church in the State of Virginia
Some negroes had gathered to worship the Lord;
And after the service they had a class-meeting,
That each for the Master might utter a word.
Their leader exhorted, and spoke of the warfare
Which Christians should urge against error alway,
And finished by asking the following question:
"Which way is your musket a-p'intin' to-day?"

One after another they gave their experience:
Some brothers were happy, some lukewarm or cold;
One saw his way clear to the portals of glory;
Another had strayed like a lamb from the fold.
At last Brother Barkis—a renegade member,
And Satan's companion for many a day—
Arose, cleared his throat, though visibly nervous,
He folded his arms and proceeded to say:

"Dear brudders and sisters, I once was a Christian,
I once was as happy as any one here;
I fit for de church like a battle-scarred soldier,
And stood by her banner when traitors were near."
"Hold on, dar," the leader excitedly shouted;
"Please answer de question I axed you, I say;
I've given you credit for all you fit den, sir—
Which way is your musket a-p'intin' to-day?"

* * * * *

The Democrats talk of the glory of Hancock,
And boast of the record of English as well;
Then give them due honor, for Judas was loyal
Till money was offered; he took it, and fell.
I would liken their boast to the boast of old Barkis,
And then, with the class-leader, honestly say,
"Hold on, dar, my brudder, dat isn't de question;
Which way is their muskets a-p'intin' today?"

Shall men who are training with Brigadier Generals
Who fought to destroy our National flag,
And rise from their seats in the Forty-sixth Congress
To eulogize traitors like Davis or Bragg—
Shall men who bow down in Confederate caucus
And worship the masters they humbly obey,
Shall they rule the nation by Washington founded?
"Which way is their muskets a-p'intin' today?"

The question, my friends, is of vital importance;
The nation is waiting in anxious suspense;
Each voter can wield a political musket,
Then wield it, I ask, in your country's defense.
The issue before us is clear and unclouded:
Shall the nation be ruled by the Blue or the Gray?
I candidly ask, fellow-soldier and voter,
"Which way is your musket a-p'intin' to-day?"

Our Story Teller.

MIDNIGHT FOOTSTEPS.

In an ancient Northumberland mansion two ladies sat within easy distance of the fire, the length and depth and fierceness of which would have astonished a London householder. The elder lady—and she was very old, but as brisk as a bee—sat at a large waiting table, and turned over numerous papers by the light of the wax candles that stood near in heavy silver candlesticks. The younger lady, and she was closely approaching fifty, was busily engaged with a long roll of flannel, from which she was cutting petticoats for the poor. Any winter's evening for two years past the widowed Mrs. Crosby and Miss Dorothy Grimble, her niece, might have been found similarly employed, the aunt ruling her large estate with a firm hand from that writing table, and the maiden niece organizing the feminine charities of the house.

'Scandalous! That fellow Smith in trouble again, and can't pay his rent. Soon see about that idle rascal!' muttered Mrs. Crosby.

'Only a fortnight to a club day; wonder if these petticoats will be ready for the women,' murmured Miss Dorothy, anxiously.

'Send them to the school house; they can be made there.'

'They are making new surplices for the choir; they can't do both.'

'Bah! Surplices, indeed! Petticoats are much more use, and I'm sure that poor miserable rector is as much at the mercy of those women as if he wore a petticoat himself.'

'Well, Aunt Crosby,' remonstrated Miss Dorothy, 'you can't expect a man to know all that a woman generally looks after.'

'He ought to, if he hasn't got a woman to help him. How do I know all about what a man generally looks after!'

At this moment the door was thrown open, and the old butler announced the rector of the parish.

Mr. Preedy was a very quiet, mild looking man, upwards of fifty. He entered nervously, for he was always uncertain, until he had been greeted, whether his powerful parishoner, Mrs. Crosby, intended to snap at him or pat him on the back. He now received her gracious shake of the hand with a sense of pure gratification.

'Don't let me disturb you, was just passing—ahem, ah!'

And then the sentences passed away in an almost inaudable whisper of a self-evident fact, namely—that he had 'looked in.'

'Quite right, sit down; I'm busy, but Dolly will talk to you."

Very uneasily he approached Dolly and seated himself on one side of the large workbasket, his hands meekly folded on his knees, and his eyes resting in fond admiration on the heaps of flannel.

'Always busy, always useful,' he murmured.

Miss Dorothy's maiden hand twitched, and she cut the flannel in a wrong place.

'Excuse me,' she said, rising in some confusion. 'I forgot to leave out some medicine for Mrs. Brown. I will return immediately.'

The door had just closed when the rector murmured audibly:

'Admirable woman! Invaluable.'

'Ah!' sharply turning around, and the light from the fire made her spectacles gleam as she sat with raised pen, 'did you speak?'

'No—I, ah—merely was thinking—ah—what a loss Miss Dorothy would be to you—if—ah, she was to—leave you.'

'Bless me!' responded Aunt Crosby, in a tone of slight contempt, 'no need to trouble about that till she talks of going.'

'No, no; very true, madam. You have such an amusing way of putting things!' and he ventured on a little nervous laugh, from which he sobered down supernaturally next minute. 'Perhaps—ah—she might marry?'

'What is the idiot driving at?' said Mrs. Crosby to herself, irate at so many interruptions. "Marry, did you say?' she inquired aloud. 'Well, about five and twenty years ago Dolly was a well-looking young woman. Still, she might marry now, and so might I, for the matter of that, if anyone asked me. Take a look at the paper, Mr. Preedy, they'll bring in the tray directly,' and the pen scratched on again.

'What a cruel woman!' said the rector to himself. 'She won't let me speak! I'll try her again, though, see if I don't.'

And having manfully turned the paper inside out, he gave a preparatory cough.

'Mrs. Crosby, I have very long wished—'

'Why can't he keep still?' muttered the old lady to herself.

'I say I have long wished—' and he had attained the fixed high key in which he usually intoned the service, and the sound of his own voice thus pitched gave him courage—'to express the admiration I feel for your niece.'

'Well, she's an excellent creature, Mr. Preedy,' agreed Aunt Crosby; and in despair at his pertinacity she put down her pen, tightened her pinched glasses on her nose, and turned her keen face full around to await the further remarks of her visitor.

'What a wife she would make, Mrs. Crosby,' cried the cheered rector, enthusiastically.

A glimmering of the truth lit up the old lady's mind, and she replied:

'You should be a better judge of that than me, Mr. Preedy; did you want to marry her?'

'Oh, Mrs. Crosby, you are too good! May I hope?'

With an odd smile on her puckered old face, Aunt Crosby said:

'Hadn't you better ask *her?* I'll go out as she comes in."

And, suiting the action to the word, the mistress of the mansion left the room as her niece entered.

That night about half-past twelve, two hours after every one had retired, Mrs. Crosby heard a footstep on the gravel walk below the window. She got up at once, lit her candle, and throwing on a warm but faded dressing gown, she marched along the room where reposed the butler and the plate chest.

The sound of the old man's snoring showed he was undisturbed. His mistress rapped sharply.

'Get up, Barnes, there's a man walking under my window.'

Quickly old Barnes obeyed, and then he called a young footman to assist him, and the two armed themselves with pokers and slid forth from the bay window of the dining-room, while Mrs. Crosby, candle in hand, stood just within it.

After prowling about for a few minutes, the men were about to come in, when the younger of the two spied a shadow close up to the gray wall of the house. He sprang forward, shouting:

'I've got him!'

And Mrs. Crosby, in a voice worthy of Mrs. Siddons, cried from the window:

'Bring him here!'

Then the butler lending his assistance, a struggling, expostulating man was dragged into the presence of the owner of the mansion. Turning to vent her wrath upon him, she exclaimed in amazement, and Barns cried in the same breath:

'It's Mr. Preedy!'

'Let me explain—Mrs. Crosby—I entreat you,' gasped the rector. 'O send away the servants.'

'E'ave bin h'after somethin', then,' said the young man, confidently, as he appeared to retire, but really lingered at the door to listen.

'Speak, sir!' commanded Aunt Crosby.

'Well, then,' whispered the rector, in an agitated voice, she has promised to be mine—and—I mean no harm, indeed, kind Mrs. Crosby; but I just came back to look at the light in her window.'

There was an ominous silence, and then came a slight laughter like the sound of holly leaves burning, and Aunt Crosby cried out:

"Go home, Mr. Preedy; go home and go to bed! We old folks should think of our rheumatism before we perform as Romeos and Juliets. Good night to you. I'll bolt the window now, if you don't mind.'

'Look at that now,' cried the young footman, delighted.

'Shame on you for listening, Jim,' replied Barnes, adding with a growl, 'Waking us all up to look at Miss Dorothy's winder. Well, I'm blessed if there is a fool like an old man!'

A Remarkable Swan.

Visitors to Pine Grove cemetery at Millford, Mass., are much surprised to see a swan standing on a grave near a child's rocking horse. The swan utters a shriek if any one attempts to approach the grave. Some years ago the mate to the swan died, and soon after the rocking horse was placed on the newly made grave, when the surviving swan immediately stationed himself as a protector over the horse. If the father of the little boy that is buried there approaches, the swan makes no outcry, but no one else is allowed to approach the spot. Recently the horse was taken away and painted, and while it was absent the swan took no notice of the grave but passed its time on the pond or in its house, but when the horse was replaced the swan took its position by its side, thus showing that it was the rocking horse and not the grave that was the object of its vigil. It is rumored that the trustees ordered the horse removed, but the owner of the lot refused to comply with the command, because his son had requested that it should be placed above his grave.

The Cucumber Man.

'Enos Turner, what's all this row about?' inquired His Honor of a man of sixty who came out with his coat on his arm and the sweat running down his neck.

'I won't answer one darned question,' squeaked the old man as he humped up his back.

'Phew! What's the matter with you? That's no way to answer a civil question.'

'Well, I'm mad—bilin' mad. The more I think of it the madder I git.'

'You are charged with disturbing the peace.'

'I 'spose there was some infernal charge or other, but I'm going to fight it if it costs me my hull farm. You see, I brought a few early cucumbers to town to sell. I was in a grocery up here somewhere to ask the price, when an old crowbait of a hoss hitched to a rag wagon moved up and reached into my wagon and chawed six dozen cowcumbers into mootal mush in about ten seconds. If the owner of the hoss had been willin' to settle like a man, there wouldn't have been a word, but he declared up and down that he would not pay one darned cent. Then I got mad, and the fust thing I knew I had that ragman in the ditch and was playing on him like a landroller. I own right up, judge, and I'm sorry there wasn't one or two more of them.'

'If I could overlook this on the ground of your general good character you would be more careful in the future I take it.'

'It's my fust fight for forty years.'

'Well, don't have any more trouble, will you?'

'I'll try not to, but cowcumbers are awful high jest now, and I'm feeling mad clear down to my heels. Good day, 'Squar,' I wish I'd brought ye in two quarts of cherries.'

An Ice Gorge in July.

A remarkable ice gorge exists in Sussex county, New Jersey, near Swartswood Pond, in a gorge of the Blue Mountains. The gorge is several hundred yards in extent, ten to thirty feet deep, with caves and clefts in the rocks, where the ice lays; it is located a very short distance from the mountain. The shade at the gorge is very dense, the sun apparently never penetrating it. The bottom of the gorge is covered with ice, and the little caves and crevices are filled with it. It is a natural ice house; hundreds of tons might be taken out without appreciably decreasing the whole. Much of it has no doubt lain there for years, the mass gradually melting and being added to each year. The thermometer, which registered in the nineties in Newton, marked 38 degrees at the bottom of this gorge, too cold for any one to remain there any length of time. A few feet from one end of the gorge a spring of the most delicious, sparkling water bubbles up. The water in this spring stands at 34 degrees. Samuel Thompson, who owns the farm on which this natural curiosity was found, in conversation with a reporter, said: "Why, yes, I s'pose it is rather remarkable; but we don't think very much about it except when we want ice. The neighbors all around goes over there for their ice."

In a Tight Place.

Joe Conway, who lives down the valley, had a fight with a wild cat the other night. Joe heard a racket in his chicken house during the night, and thinking some person was stealing his chickens he got up and armed himself with a club, and taking a light proceeded to the chicken house, but failed to discover any person there. Happening to look up Conway espied a wild cat above him in the act of springing, ducked his head, the cat landing on his back. The light Conway held in his hand fell to the ground and was extinguished. The cat seeing at what a mean disadvantage he had Joe, made the best of it, and commenced sticking its teeth and claws into his back, while Joe went prancing around in the coop in the dark, finding every portion of it except the door, and yelling for help at the top of his voice, but the cat was a good jockey and rode its man well, clinging to his back until assistance came, when it passed out through a hole in the side of the coop.—*Pioche* (Cal.) *Record.*

Pin-head checks of cream and brown two shades of drab and olive, with dark green in all wool goods' make very useful and stylish dresses for morning wear, for the sea-side and mountains.

Local Small Talk.

—Our merchants predict a lively fall trade.

—Bellefonte is well supplied with barbers at present.

—The picnic season seems to have closed in Bellefonte.

—Railroad travel continues heavy to and from Bellefonte.

—It wouldn't be surprising if we should have some weather now.

—The board walk on Thomas street might be improved with new plank.

—Altoona ranks as the tenth city in the State, according to the late census.

—The "harvest moon" will appear at its full on the evening of August 19th.

—The Harrisburg *Patriot* has ceased to issue a Sunday edition. Nothing in it.

—Tyrone's new paper mill will be ready for operation, it is thought, by September 1st.

—A Lebanon man's postal card made a tour of the world in one hundred and nine days.

—Farmers state that the grain crop just harvested is one of the best ever grown in the county.

—The new barber at the Bush House is a Philadelphian, and it is said understands his biz.

—The Misses Gerberick, of this place, left Thursday on a visit to friends in Lebanon county.

—Present indications are most favorable for the grandest night parade ever held in this place on the 25th inst.

—Don't throw fruit peelings upon the pavements. People are liable to break a limb, also the commandments.

—An exchange says that Dr. Tanner learned the art of living on wind and water while editing a country newspaper.

—John Sourbeck is peddling out stomach disturbers—some call them watermelons—at the rate of a cartload a day.

—The McVeytown *Journal* now comes to this office labeled in a highly attractive style—a little on the chromo order.

—Master Harry Holmes has bought out the carrier route of the *Public Ledger*, and would be pleased to serve all who desire with copies.

—Mrs. James Hastings and family, relatives of Col. D. H. Hastings, who spent the summer of '79 in Bellefonte, have returned for a brief visit.

—The Altoona *Tribune* is working up a lively scrimmage with the "syndicate organ." Pitch in, boys! it's three months yet before 'lection.

—The editor of the Osceola *Reveille* has begun to talk about winter's howling winds already. Wonder if he hasn't made a mistake in the season of about three months.

—The Eagle Hotel, at Tyrone, was burglarized the other night of a big water melon and a quantity of "bug juice." It is suspected, by the police, that Tanner had a hand in it.

—A colored boy named George Bibbins, accidentally run a fish hook into his thumb while engaged in fishing up the creek last Tuesday. The hook was so deeply imbedded in the flesh that the boy was unable to withdraw it, and was obliged to have it cut by a physician.

—The man who was in company with Allison at the time he was shot and killed by Christian Stouffer on Saturday a week, corroborates Stouffer's statement in regard to the unfortunate affair. He received in one of his shoulders a portion of the shot which killed Allison.

—On Monday last a painter in Altoona, named Wills, fell from the roof of the Globe Hotel, in that city, to the ground, a distance of fifty-four feet. His skull was crushed in and death was almost instantaneous. If the reports are true the unfortunate man owes his death to his own carelessness.

—A cigar contains acetic, formic, butyric, valeric and proponic acids, prussic acid, creosote, carbolic acid, ammonia, sulpheretted hydrogen, pyridine, virodine, picoline and rubidene, to say nothing of cabbagine and burdockic acid. We presume that's the reason a fellow can't buy a decent cigar for less than five cents.

—Our correspondent "Jack," from Howard, complains that some days ago as a special train was passing over the Bald Eagle Valley railroad at a point where the railroad runs parallel with the highway for some distance, several bottles were thrown out and that one of them hit a young man and nearly knocked him down, and further says that if children had been there they might have been killed, and cautions passengers on special trains to be more careful in the future, especially when they are traveling along side of a public road.

A "Gorgeous" Democratic Gathering at Port Matilda.

Scarcely had the excitement of Dr. Tanner's fast being broken subsided, when our town was the scene of such an event as seldom happens in a place of this size. Talk about your Centennials, your Paris Expositions, etc.; they were nowhere compared with the enthusiastic Hancock gathering here on Saturday night. We believe there were as many as a dozen persons (including what boys and Republicans were there) at a grand Democratic demonstration.

No one seemed to know of the approach of this event until the arrival of the mail train west, which brought the speakers, and by nine o'clock this vast assemblage had gathered. All the preliminaries having been gone through with, the gentleman of Greenback fame (who had once been a Republican) was introduced.

Well, he told us "how the Greenbackers had elected Mr. Yocum to Congress and how the Democrats had seated him; how the bankers handled all the gold, and that poor Democrats could get none; and that the thirteen stock-holders in the First National Bank of Bellefonte were not as good for their notes as the nation would be; that Americans did not want to sell to or buy from foreign countries; that tariff should be on coal and not on tea and coffee, and that if General Garfield was elected and saw that there was much whisky consumed he would put high tariff on it, (which would be bad for the Democracy); and about the women in New Jersey going for Hancock (woman's rights, you know); and that he didn't want office; and that Hancock was nominated at Chicago—telling that twice to make it more emphatic; that they had buried the Republican party alive and would bury it alive again in November; that General Garfield had no more chance than a cat in h— without claws, and that the next best thing was to vote for Hancock. He also told us how the Democrats had fought the war.

The speaker had occasion to remark about the contemptible sheet published in Bellefonte, but did not say definitely whether he meant the *Watchman* or *Democrat*.

The above is in substance his speech, and in the end we concluded he was perhaps a very good—saddler.

Speaker No. 2 had been at Washington. He told us General Garfield was baldheaded, and about a man stopping at the Continental in Philadelphia, and how they were going to beat hell and the Republican party; (we knew they had beaten the former long ago, but the latter is still ahead of time), and how the braves were going to wade in blood to seat Hancock. The speaker said he had been sick all day, and we thought he had been.

Personally we think very well of these gentlemen, but as to their capacity for "making Democrats" we have our serious doubts. REPORTER.

The Burning of Mr. Swab's Barn.

Our valued Boalsburg correspondent, "Ugly Joe," sends us the following particulars of the burning of Mr. Swab's barn:

We had a terrible thunder storm here on Wednesday that did a great deal of damage to ploughed fields by washing and tearing them up. The waters raised very suddenly, Spring and Cedar creeks being bank full. During the storm George Swab's barn near Linden Hall was struck by lightning, and it, together with his entire crop and farming utensils, was burned. His stock, with the exception of one calf was saved. It is a hard pull for George, and he has the sympathy of the entire community. Ugly Joe respectfully suggests that perhaps it would be well to pity him in the way the Quaker did the man who lost the horse—from the pocket. George deserves it.

Don't Know What to do With It.

Milton is in a quandary, says an exchange, as to what to do with the $80,000 contributed for the sufferers by the recent fire. The rich think they should come in for a share as well as the poor. In view of the fact that it is over two months since the fire, and none of the money yet distributed, the urgent plea of necessity seems to have been set aside by somebody. This goes to show that money is a dangerous thing to have after a fire, as it creates jealousies and bickerings, and a rather awkward thing to dispose of, because everybody thinks he has the best plan for distributing it fairly and satisfactorily. It may be sometime before the Miltonians will get rid of the mountain of trouble caused by the $80,000 poured down upon them by the well-disposed people of other towns and cities.

Boalsburg Happenings.

Boalsburg was very lively to-day. "Ugly Joe" went down town to get rid of the noise and bustle around the Diamond and saw two spring chickens having a pugilistic encounter, three little dogs growling and snarling at Charley Shaffer's noble pointer, found George Jack taking a glass of root beer, Young, the gunsmith, asleep with the muzzle of a 16 shooter sticking in his ear, and David Musser and some young lady arguing politics. As said Ugly Joe is of a very quiet, retiring disposition, so much noise and confusion worried him considerably, so much so in fact that he hastily came to a right about face and struck for the other end of town expecting to find a more congenial state of affairs; but lo and behold, there it was just as bad, for as sure as you live there was Scott Bricker counting over the number of pairs of boots and shoes in his boot and shoe emporium; Jerry Dinges standing on one foot (the other asleep) reading a Greenback paper, Wolf, the landlord asleep in the "old arm chair," Tom Riley sitting on the shoe bench fighting flies, and Geo. Kaup giving vent to the most unearthly yells you ever listened to, while chasing a big black cat all over the farm that had been so injudicious as to kill a fine spring pullet without George's consent. Ugly Joe would get out of the way of so much excitement if it were possible, but when he goes up toward Shingletown it is just as bad. He tried it and could hear W. W. Leech roaring politics before he got within a foot of him, and Marts the shoemaker—he could hear him winking and smiling clear out on the street, while the way the boys were playing Yankee Doodle on the anvil in the blacksmith's shop, was enough to make a man think of war times. And, by the way, this puts me in remembrance of the fact that we are very likely to have war here this fall. Indeed indications point that way, for last week the unterrified democracy of Harris Township met in secret conclave—on the Klu Klux Klan plan—closed doors and sich. They wouldn't even admit Ugly Joe for to report for the *Republican*. Somebody said that every individual attending wore a blood red shirt, and that they had a red flannel shirt hung on the door which every one had to shake hands with on entering the council room. Ugly Joe takes it that this means war. It is certain that a committee was appointed to buy flannel to make a flag after the bloody shirt pattern—plenty of red in it.

Now the Republicans of this township work on an entirely different plan, for they will throw open wide the doors of the Academy to show to the world how they elect officers and appoint committees in a Garfield and Arthur club. Ugly Joe will be there and will let the good people of Centre county know all about it.

Daniel Hess, of Linden Hall, some few days ago received a letter from the men who were at the head of the railroad enterprise in this valley, informing him that the road would not be built for the reason that it would not pay. Mr. Hess wants to know why the h—l it won't pay. Some one please inform him.

In conclusion would say that the smiling faces of the unterrified readers of the *Watchman* who read the "whopper manufacturer's" yarn of the procession of men "four abreast and nearly a mile long" marching through Boggs township drew out as long as rails when they ascertained that it was just one man wide and thirteen men long.

Hurrah for Tanner! May he never get hungry. UGLY JOE.

A Imposter Captured.

The police of Harrisburg, one night this week, arrested a man named Shreiner in company with a notorious female known as Ellen Davis. They were found in the southern part of the city near the canal, both very drunk. An examination of Shreiner's effects after he had been placed in the lockup led to the discovery that he had been collecting money from the charitable on the plea that he was deaf and dumb. He had a book in which is inscribed a petition setting forth that he is a carpenter and had been made deaf and dumb by a fall from the roof of a house. It contains hundreds of names of people residing in this county, also residents of Perry, Cumberland and Dauphin counties, every one of whom had given him money. He is neither deaf nor dumb, but about as sharp and unscrupulous a rascal as ever swindled a charitable people. He was sent to jail.

—A committee of the Labor League called upon General Hancock and asked his views on a number of subjects; but he would not express any. We think those Labor League fellows might have saved themselves that trouble, for it is well known that Hancock has not got any ideas to express.

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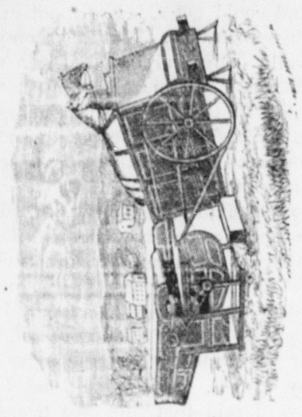
300 GOOD, RESPONSIBLE FARMERS and Threshers wanted to buy first class artfcles of

Threshers and Separators

For 4 and 6-horse lever power.



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Agricultural Implement

AND

SEED STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

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At present we have on hand and are the authorized agents for the sale of the *SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW*, made at Syracuse, N. Y. It is the best chilled plow now made; also the Keystone and iron beam plows, made at Centre Hall. No better plows than these can be had for the same amount of money. Also the Centre Hall Cornplanter. We need say nothing about the merits of this planter, as the 2000 now in use in Centre county demonstrates them to be the best.

HARROWS and CULTIVATORS of the latest improved patterns.

MOWERS, REAPERS and GRAIN BINDERS.—Of these we sell the Osborne, either as separate mowers, combined reapers and mowers, single harvesters, or as combined reapers and binders.

THE WHEELER, No. 6, as a combined machine, is the best machine of the kind in the market.

The greatest improvement of the age is the *NORRISTOWN GLEANER AND BINDER.* Call and see it. It is wonderfully perfect.

Any boy twelve years old, with one horse, will follow and bind all the grain that any reaper with side delivery will cut. It not only binds but gleans, and will save the price of the machine in one year by taking up from the stubble that which is now lost.

The McSHERRY GRAIN DRILL either with or without broadcast hoes, with or without fertilizer and seed sowing attachments. It is the best grain drill for all purposes in the market.

The GEISER THRESHER AND SEPARATOR.—The reputation of this machine is so well established that we can say nothing about it that the people do not know. Any person wanting one, or in need of repairs for those now in the county, please call.

HEEBNER'S PATENT LEVEL TREAD HORSE POWER, for one and two horses, with Patent Speed Regulator. Little Giant Thresher and Cleaner.

THE VICTOR CLOVER HULLER—Sole Agents for Centre county.

Wagons, Carriages, Buggies and Phaetons.—We are agents for the sale of the celebrated *CONKLIN WAGON*, the reputation of which is so well established; also of the *CORTLAND PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS*, Carriages, Phaetons and Buggies. All are warranted. Call and see specimens and examine catalogues as to styles and prices before buying elsewhere. Catalogues furnished on application.

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POWDER.—We are Dupont's agents. Blasting, Sporting and Rifle Powder on hand and sold at wholesale prices; also fuse.

GRAIN.—After the growing crop is harvested we will be prepared to pay the highest market price for all kinds of grain.

COAL.—Our yard is always stocked with the best Anthracite Coal which we sell at lowest price.

LIME.—We make the best white lime in the State. Its properties for mechanical and agricultural purposes excel all others.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.—We are their agents for Centre county and will supply all parties wishing good and true scales at their lowest prices.

We extend an invitation to everybody in want of anything in our line to call at our store rooms, opposite the Bush House, and see what we have, and learn from those in attendance more particularly the scope of our business.

ALEXANDER & CO.
Bellefonte, Pa., May 6, 1880. 12-10-tf

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Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table April 29 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 55
Flemington	5 29	4 00
Mill Hall	5 34	4 03
Beech Creek	5 50	4 15
Eagleville	5 55	4 20
Howard	6 09	4 31
Mount Eagle	6 18	4 40
Curtin	6 25	4 45
Milesburg	6 56	4 55
Bellefonte	6 46	5 05
Milesburg	6 56	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 18
Unionville	7 09	5 27
Julian	7 18	5 38
Martha	7 27	5 47
Port Matilda	7 35	5 55
Hannah	7 42	6 03
Fowler	7 48	6 09
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 17
Vail	7 59	6 21
East Tyrone	8 03	6 25
Arrive at Tyrone	8 10	6 32
EASTWARD.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 20
East Tyrone	7 15	8 27
Vail	7 19	8 31
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 37
Hannah	7 36	8 49
Port Matilda	7 44	3 56
Martha	7 52	9 7
Julian	8 01	9 16
Unionville	8 11	9 28
Snow Shoe Int	8 21	9 40
Milesburg	8 24	9 43
Bellefonte	8 32	9 51
Milesburg	8 45	10 3
Curtin	8 55	10 14
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 19
Howard	9 08	10 29
Eagleville	9 18	10 42
Beech Creek	9 22	10 47
Mill Hall	9 34	11 00
Flemington	9 37	11 4
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 8

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after May 30, 1880:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 35 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 07 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 00 a m
" arr at Erie		7 55 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg		12 20 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven		4 20 p m
" " Renovo		5 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 50 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 35 p m
" " Williamsport		7 25 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 40 p m
EASTWARD.		
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		6 45 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 15 a m
" " Williamsport		7 55 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		11 40 a m
" " Philadelphia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo		9 50 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 10 a m
" " Williamsport		12 20 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 45 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo		8 40 p m
" " Lock Haven		9 50 p m
" " Williamsport		11 10 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		2 45 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 40 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 35 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 50 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 40 a m

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 1, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.20 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.25 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.00 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 3.45 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.15 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.57 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

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CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

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E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, v6 1-1y Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.

ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

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D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,

DENTIST.

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M. S. GRAHAM,
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In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,
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Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High street Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

Miscellaneous.

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PRACTICAL HOUSE PAINTERS.

GRAINING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

PAPER-HANGING,

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KALSOMINING.

☞ Paint Shop and Office in Second Story of

McCLAIN'S BLOCK, op. BUSH HOUSE

46-1y BELLEFONTE, PA.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL this, the first, cheapest, best, and the only authentic low-priced book containing the lives of

GEN'L W. S. HANCOCK
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A complete record of the early and military life of Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott Hancock, with a full and graphic account of the proceedings, speeches and incidents at the Cincinnati Convention, also the platform, table of ballots and letters of acceptance, with the life of W. H. English. Richly embellished with numerous artistic illustrations and fine handsome engraved Portraits of each Candidate. Sure success to all who take hold; will positively outsell all books. Send for circulars and extra terms.

Address, H. W. KELLEY & CO.,
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—AND—
LACE WORK.

MRS. JANE HALEY, opposite the Cemetery, takes this method to solicit from the people of Bellefonte work.
Can do

PLAIN & FANCY SEWING
OR LACE WORK.

Any person having such work to do can have it done well by Mrs. Haley, and at the same time help a worthy, poor woman. 3-tf

Dr. Jones' Taraxacum Tonic,

Or Dyspepsia Medicine, a vegetable compound whose virtues have stood a test of forty years, is infallible in the cure of Dyspepsia, General Debility, Chronic Weakness of the Lungs, Spleen, Kidneys, Short Breath, Heartburn, St. Vitus' Dance, pain in the Stomach, Back and Chest. Particularly adapted to all Female Diseases, no matter what the age of the patient may be, Price, 75 cents. Sold by druggists. 20-1y

Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!

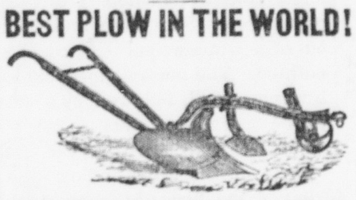
J. & A. HARRIS & CO.,
ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
And all kinds of Farming Tools.
RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of **HARDWARE**, to meet all demands in this line. 25

A NEW DEPARTURE!

BEST PLOW IN THE WORLD!



THE SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO.
of Syracuse, N. Y.

Are now putting on the market a Plow that is as much superior to any Plow heretofore made as the Plows of the past few years have been superior to those made half a century ago.

It combines all the excellencies of any Plow in use.

It obviates all the objections made to any other Plow.

In addition it embraces several new features of the greatest value, for which we have obtained exclusive Patents.

Its Beam, Clevis, Jointer Standard and Wheel Standard will be STEEL, and its mold board will be a composition of Steel and Iron chilled under a process for which we have also obtained an exclusive Patent. It will be called

THE SYRACUSE CHILLED STEEL PLOW

Its weight will be eighteen pounds less than our present styles.

A first-class Steel Plow, made in the ordinary way, full rigged, retails for twenty-two dollars. Inferior Steel Plows retail from sixteen to nineteen dollars.

The price of our new Plow will be but **Seventeen Dollars,** and it will be the cheapest Agricultural Implement ever sold.

Its mold board will outwear three of the very best kinds of the ordinary steel mold boards.

It will scour in soils where all steel plows and all other plows have hitherto proved a failure.

With this Plow will be introduced a corrugated Plow Point and Jointer Point, on which we have also obtained a Patent, and which is also a great improvement, both as regards strength and wear.

The Jointer can be shifted so as to take more or less land, and also more or less pitch, and it can always be kept on a line with the Plow.

The wheel will run under the beam or one side of it as desired, and always kept in line.

The beam is adjustable for Spring or Fall Plowing, and also for two or three horses.

The handles can be adjusted to accommodate a man or boy, on the same Plow.

It is a perfect Plow.

Wooden beams are going out of use because they shrink, swell and warp, and never run two seasons alike.

Iron beams are too heavy.

Malleable beams become demoralized and bend, which is much worse than to break.

A Steel beam is the necessity of the day. It is three times as strong and very much lighter than any other style.

When we say a Mold board is chilled, the farmers know it is so.

We do not palm off on them a composition of various metals and call it chilled metal.

We want agents for this new Plow in every town in this State.

We can give but a very small discount to them, but we will pay the Railroad Freight.

We propose to place this Plow in the hands of Farmers as near the cost of manufacture as possible.

It will be the *best* Agricultural Implement ever sold.

It shall also be the *cheapest.*

Persons therefore who are not willing to act as agents on the principle that "a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," need not apply for an agency.

No Plows on commission. All sales absolute.

☞ This is the only Steel Chilled Plow in the World.

Steel costs several times more than Iron.

But this Plow, full rigged, by giving small discounts, can be sold for Seventeen Dollars. Compare this price with that of any Iron Plow ever made.

It is cheaper than any other Plow now made would be at five dollars and a half.

Where there are no agents we will, on receipt of Seventeen Dollars, send a Plow to any Railroad station in the State and pay the freight. Address,

SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO.
Syracuse, N. Y.
Or
ALEXANDER & CO.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

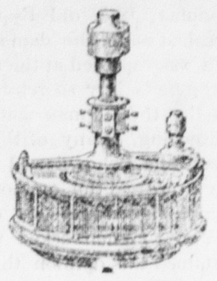
Dr. Jones' Cream Camphor,

IS the name of the popular Liniment that cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swollen or Stiffened Joints, Frost Bites, pain in the Face, Head or Spine, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Mosquito Bites, Sting or Bite of an insect, Poison from common Poison Vines, etc., for man or beast. Always reliable and almost instantaneous in its relief. Having an agreeable odor, it is pleasant to apply. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

N. B.—The Liniment received a Prize Medal at the State Fair, 1879. 20-1y

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



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ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS,

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

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Medical.

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

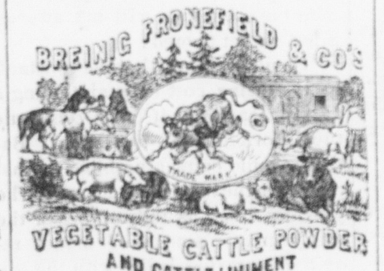
DAY'S Kidney PAD

CURES Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, Gravel, Painful Urinating, High Colored Urine, Inability to Retain or Expel the Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Nervous Debility, Female Weakness, and all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER, and URINARY ORGANS, when nothing else can.

LOOK OUT for imitations. Ask for, and take only the DAY PAD.

For sale by Druggists, or sent by mail free on receipt of price, $2.00. Certificates of cures and our book "How a Life was Saved," sent on receipt of your address to

12-5 1y, F. POTTS GREEN,
Wholesale Agt. for Centre Co.



Is a sure cure for all the ordinary diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine. It cures and prevents Chicken Cholera. Your cow is certain to yield 25 per cent more and better milk and butter. Stock fattens on one-fourth less feed.

Being in possession of a large number of excellent testimonials, I subjoin a few:

I have been using your Cattle Powder for horses, cows, chickens and pigs, and find it a *first class thing.*—GEORGE BOND, Germantown, Pa.

Please send me half a gross of Cattle Powder. I have used two packs on my cow and chickens. The cow gave nearly twice the quantity of milk that she did before, and gave twice the amount of butter. My chickens were dying, but were cured immediately after I had used the powder. Yours truly, JONAS PASOUR, Dallas, N. C.

I have used and compared your Cattle Powder with all others, and must say it is the best for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. I have tried it on poultry for many complaints, with success in every case.—JONATHAN WEAVER, Berrysburg, Pa.

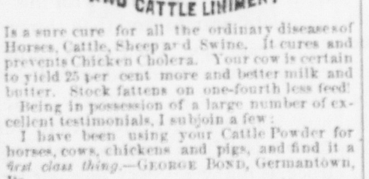
Last summer you sent me a pack of your powder which I gave to my poultry, and have not had one droopy turkey or chicken since.—MRS. WM. KNAPP, Orange, N. Y.

Send me a pack or two of your Cattle Powder. The pack I got from you last winter cured the chicken cholera. I gave some of it to a neighbor and it cured his chickens.—JOHN WILLIAMS, Spruce Vale, Ohio.

Address me for a pamphlet full of useful information for the farmer, horseman or dairyman.

F. A. MILLER,
20-1y 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.



The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of

Self-Abuse: as loss of memory, universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and consumption and a premature grave.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or 5 packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10 Mechanics' Block Detroit, Mich.
HARRIS & FOOTE, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa 14d w1y

$66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 12-27-6m

Miscellaneous.

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES
KIDNEY DISEASES,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
Constipation and Piles.

DR. E. H. CLARK, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of KIDNEY TROUBLES it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of PILES, and has never failed to act efficiently."

NELSON FAIRCHILD, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After sixteen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

C. S. HOGABON, of Berkshire, says, "one package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

BECAUSE IT ACTS ON THE LIVER, THE BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Female disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail prepaid.

One package will make six quarts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW!

Buy it at the Druggists. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

Is the greatest **Blood Remedy** of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all **Blood** diseases yield to its wonderful powers. **Pure Blood** is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of **Scrofula.**"—*J. E. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E Smeltzer, Larimers, Pa.* Price $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Props., Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*

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The Carbonate Gold and Silver Mining Company, of Leadville, Col., own more valuable Gold and Silver Mines than any other Company in the State. The stock is ten dollars per share, full paid up, and non-assessable. They now offer a limited number of shares for sale through the undersigned, at $2.00 per share. References and information cheerfully given. Direct all orders and communications to M. BOYD, 144 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. P. O. Box 1964 12-12-1y

Everybody Make Money!

Watches, Novelties, Jewelry, Oddities, Notions, &c.

Now is the time to push your business or start anew. Our goods are of the very latest styles, purchased mostly at Auction or private Bankrupt Sales, except those we manufacture, warranted as represented. Send for catalogue, prices named, and order your goods. Address, New York Auction Co., 21 Park Row, New York 12-9-6m

Tinware.

What's in a Name?

E. A. SMITH,
TINSMITH.

-ALL MY TINWARE WARRANTED.-

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE

SMITH TINWARE.

ALL MY WARE IS STAMPED WITH MY NAME, TO PREVENT DECEPTION.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

MADE A SPECIALTY BY ME.

My Work Is All Warranted!

LIGHTNING RODS

Erected and Repaired.

Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces. Also set, clean and repair stoves, &c.

COME AND SEE.

Under Wilson, McFarlane & Co.'s Hardware Depot, First National Bank Block. 13-13-1y

Hotels

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch

PHILAD'A

Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.

18-1y JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,

Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.

ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.

The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. 25ly

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
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Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 06	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—Mrs. Prissilla Bell, well known in this place, now residing with her husband at Altoona, is at present visiting friends and relatives in this place.

—Uncle Sam wants five hundred men to fight Indians. Here's a chance for some of our blood-thirsty young men to distinguish themselves.

—The Pennsylvania railroad company has commenced the erection of a huge crane at the depot in this place, to replace the one recently broken.

—Mayor Dale reports everything quiet in police circles, which shows the salutary effects of the Murphy meetings upon the morals of the community.

—Messrs. Wolf & Son have just completed one hundred pint torches, to be used by the Republicans in their grand rally on Wednesday night of next week.

—Why will men allow themselves to suffer and their noble horse when 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' applied properly will remove all suffering from man and beast. See advertisement.

—Gen. Garfield is growing in popularity every day, just as Gen. Beaver said he would in that speech on the bank steps on his return from the Chicago Convention. The General is a true prophet sometimes.

—Every Republican voter in Centre county should see that his name is on the registry list. Wednesday and Thursday, September 1 and 2, are the last days for registering for the next election. Attend to this at once.

—Miss Barber, of Philadelphia, a daughter of Mrs. Barber, authoress of the celebrated work entitled "Wrecked but not Lost," who has been visiting at John Ardell's for a couple of weeks past, returned home last Thursday.

—The Democratic candidate for Vice-President, Mr. English, was in Congress at the time Bully Brooks made his uncalled for attack upon Senator Sumner, and voted against expelling Brooks, and had not the courage to be a man and do right.

—The transparency now adorning the front of the Republican club room in Bellefonte has been sold to the Milesburg club, and the Bellefonters are going to put up another that shall make the one put up by the Democrats last Saturday look like a collar-box beside it.

—It is said that there is a vast amount of petty thieving going on all over the State. Why will men resort to such crimes when work is plenty? Honesty is always not only the right thing to do, but the best policy. But now these thieves have not even the excuse of hard times.

—Talk about Tanner's great fast? Why, we've got a man right here in Bellefonte who has fasted for six months to our certain knowledge, and is as fat and frisky as ever he was. This remarkable individual chums with E. A. Smith, the tinsmith, and can be seen almost any day standing before his place of business soliciting trade.

—A spring wagon containing two occupants, Miss Maggie Sweeny, daughter of John Sweeny, of Pleasant Gap, and a boy, broke down on Water street, near the bridge, Tuesday morning, caused by the breaking of a lynch pin. Both the lady and boy were thrown violently to the ground, but fortunately escaped injury.

Murder will Out.

The Osceola *Reveille* in its last issue relates the following: On the 21st of September, 1875, old Esquire Shoff was fished out of the dam at Madera, and it was supposed at the time—and the coroner's jury so returned a verdict—that the old man met his death by drowning. Many of the citizens at that time, who viewed the body, freely expressed the opinion that the old man never met his death by drowning. When asked why they entertained this opinion they would answer, "Who ever saw a drowned man without any water in him?" This appears to have been a fact. Not a half teacupful of water came from the old man's mouth after he was taken from the water, notwithstanding the fact that the body was rolled over a large keg. It was sworn before the coroner's jury by one witness that during the night a pitiful cry of distress was heard and that it sounded like the voice of Shoff. Another witness swore that he had not seen Shoff nor been in his company on the day or night of the 21st, while several witnesses swore that they had seen them together drinking, and the hotel keeper swore that Shoff and this witness had been in his place together and drank whiskey; that this witness poured the whisky into a glass and made Shoff drink it; that this was late at night and about the last place Shoff was seen alive by any person.

At this late day, it is remembered by a number of persons who saw the body, that over the eye there was a bruise and underneath a cut, and that the eye was swollen almost shut, and a cut behind one of the ears large enough to admit the end of a man's thumb. It seems from the best evidence obtainable that no examination was made by a doctor.

A strange part in all this affair is the fact that very recently a woman living in the vicinity of Madera said that she overheard a certain woman cast up to her husband that he had killed Shoff and thrown him into the dam; but the strangest part of all is the fact that this husband turns out to be the very witness that swore before the coroner's jury that he had not seen Shoff on the day or the night of the 21st. We understand that the woman who heard the conversation between the husband and wife in regard to this murder, went before a justice of the peace and made a statement under oath of what she had heard. There should be a full investigation by the proper authorities of the mystery that surrounds this case, and if the man who is suspected proves to be guilty, let him suffer the consequence of his crime.

For the Ladies.

An exchange contains the following significant remarks on dress. We would like to discuss the matter further, but as we are not very familiar with the subject we will not attempt it lest we get floored:

"People complain that the constantly increasing cost of maintaining a family, especially if girls constitute the majority of the household. But there should be no grumbling on that point, for the head of the family, who provides for all, is fully aware of the vastly greater amount of money required to provide ladies with the appropriate gear to-day than thirty or forty years ago. Then eight yards of calico were considered a full dress pattern. If it be a mystery in 1880 how a dressmaker manages to work 20 yards of material into a single frock, is it any mystery how our foremothers succeeded in getting into one that contained only eight yards? But they did, and as men are not presumed to be familiar with the subject of mantua, except in the trifling matter of paying the bills, we dismiss the subject with a sigh of regret because of our inability to check even in a slight degree the constantly growing extravagance of our fair country women."

In Memoriam.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God in his wisdom to remove by death from a life of suffering our worthy and esteemed brother, William H. Rockey, son of brother John Rockey; be it therefore

Resolved, That in the death of brother Rockey Logan Grange No. 109, of Centre county, has lost a faithful and zealous member, the church a consistent Christian member, and the family a dutiful son and affectionate brother.

Resolved, That whilst we bow in humble submission to the will of our Heavenly Father, we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family.

Resolved, That this preamble and resolutions become a part of the record of the Grange, and be published in the *Farmer's Friend* and county papers, and a copy be sent to the bereaved family.

Edwin Dale, Kate M. Dale, J. H. Roush, *Committee.*

—It is the greatest of mistakes, drugging the system with medicines to cure Kidney trouble while the application of a Days Kidney Pad, to the small of the back, will cure when nothing else can.

Interview with Rev. Crittenden.

Our fellow citizen, Rev. R. Crittenden, has just returned from a round of work in Potter county and other parts adjacent. In a brief conversational interview with him we note a few items of interest.

Passing the jail in Coudersport, the county seat of Potter, he asked a citizen in company with him: "How many prisoners here?" "One." "For what crime?" "Getting drunk and disturbing the peace." He learned also from others that Potter county considers drunkenness a crime as well as the cause of crime. Hence no licenses for selling intoxicating liquor are granted.

He said further that at one of his meetings two things were decided, which all Sunday-school worker should remember. First, teaching the Bible rightly is at the same time teaching the right principles and practices of temperance. Second, a Sunday-school class will too often practice more misconduct during the ten minutes tardiness of the teacher than the teacher can correct in twenty minutes instruction afterward. Example is more than precept. The grace of God is the only cure for chronic tardiness. God says, "My grace is sufficient."

A Dastardy Act.

One night last week during the progress of a storm, and when it was so dark that you could not see a foot away, Mrs. McBride on Allegheny street, corner of Bishop, heard a peculiar noise. She arose and looked out of a window, but she could see nothing. The noise stopped, but soon it was repeated, followed by a crash. In the morning it was found that some miscreant had sawed one of the limbs from the large willow tree in front of the house, robbing it of its beauty. This tree was planted by Mr. McBride more than thirty years ago, and was prized by his widow as much for the fond associations connected with its history as for its beauty. This is not the first time the mutilation of this old landmark has been attempted. Similar attempts have been made before, but the scheme was frustrated by the parties being discovered before serious injury was done. Any person who would willfully commit such vandalism is a public enemy, and if discovered should be severely dealt with. We cannot see what motive could have prompted such an act of meanness.

—We have received—we suppose from our old friend William Lane, Esq., of Bedford, Mass.—a copy of the Bedford *Bulletin*, which contains a lecture recently delivered before the School of Philosophy, at Concord, by Julia Ward Howe, in which she says: "Money has wiped out and obliterated all the old social landmarks, until even religion itself stands aghast at this sweeping baptism of gold. The highest genius pays homage to it, and even the press is salaried by the enemies of freedom." Mrs. Howe forgets that men and women are merely the parasites of golden gods, and that they are made to flutter their lives away in the glittering splendor and glamour of wealth. Then plumed in silver plumes, and garmented with festooned greenbacks, they sail away on golden wings to the far-off land of the ever-to-be. That's the omnipotent religion of Moloch, and that's what's the matter with Julia.

—We learn from the Centre *Democrat* that a short time before Hancock's nomination General Beaver made a speech in which he lauded Hancock and thought the Democratic convention would not have good sense enough to nominate him. But since the Democratic convention did show good sense by nominating Hancock, will Beaver now show good sense by supporting him?—*Reporter.* We can just answer that question, and our answer is, No! Gen. Beaver hasn't got that kind of "good sense." That is the kind of sense you find in Jim Schofield's head, but there is none of it in Beaver's.

—The Democratic majority in Alabama has now reached 90,000. This nice majority was reached by a free count, a kind of go-as-you-please count—a Democratic count. But then those Southerners are such "honorable men," such hospitable fellows—like the pirate captain in Byron's "Don Juan." Of him the poet says:

"He was as mild a mannered man
As ever scuttled ship or cut a throat,
With such perfect manners of a gentleman."

But he sold Don Juan into slavery and otherwise showed himself capable of the refinements of cruelty.

—The use of St. Jacobs Oil is indeed followed by the most wonderful results. More than a dozen cases have come to my knowledge, where St. Jacobs Oil effected speedy cures, but I will only mention one instance. A man suffering for twenty-four years from rheumatism was induced to try the St. Jacobs Oil. He used a few bottles of this truly wonderful remedy, and is now entirely well once more. W. REINHARDT,
Elmore, Wis.

PHILIPSBURG.

The Largest Republican Meeting Ever Held in that Burg.

The very largest political meeting yet held in Centre county during the present campaign was addressed here last evening by General Beaver and Colonel Hastings, of your town The occasion was the raising of a Garfield and Arthur flag, 16x28 feet in size, and suspended between two poles fifty-five feet high.

As the Stars and Stripes, to which was attached the names of the two men who compose the Republican Presidential ticket, was raised up and went floating out on the evening breeze, cheers, three times three, loud and prolonged, were given for Garfield and Arthur. The hundreds of enthusiastic Republicans waving their hats and cheering till the neighboring windows were in danger of being broken from the inevitable concussion in the atmosphere, was in marked contrast with the "six boys and a Chinaman" who composed the populace at the Democratic *desecration.* The utmost seating capacity of Potter's Hall was not sufficient to accommodate the great crowd that was present at the flag-raising, and many—perhaps the one third at least—were obliged to stay on the outside. The Philipsburg cornet band, one of the very best bands in Central Pennsylvania, was one of the concomitants of the evening's proceedings.

Mr. George H. Feizler, ex-Republican candidate for the Assembly in this county, was chosen President of the meeting, and when the Vice-Presidents had been called up and had taken seats on the platform, Mr. Rankin, the Chairman of the Republican County Committee, was introduced. Mr. Rankin predicted an unlooked for success of the Republican ticket at the coming election. From every quarter the most favorable reports come, and a Republican triumph next November is doubly assured. Already 1,500 votes are pledged in Centre county for Garfield and Arthur. In no part of the county do I see such activity as I see here. The Republicans of Philipsburg and Rush township are ahead of all other parts of Centre county, not even excepting Bellefonte.

Gen. Beaver was then introduced, and spoke for an hour and a half, substantially as follows:

My Friends: It looks to me very much as though this campaign had been going on a long time. You must have been organized a good while ago, (cries of, "We'll stand by it.") We have come together to discuss some of the principles involved in this canvass. I propose to do it calmly, and in a way which shall offend nobody's feelings. There are some customs down South, the speaker said, that I admire, but I can't say I admire the new-fangled style. I am an admirer of the days of Jefferson, when in that part of our country all parties met in terms of friendship on the same platform.

Against the character of Hancock I have not a word to say. But how can you support any man for President who is pledged to carry out the measures of the Democrats in Congress; pledged to carry out the Democratic tariff? If they will fully discuss the Cincinnati platform on free trade we will carry Centre county by 1,000 majority. But they won't discuss it with us. They tell us that however the Democrats in other parts of the country may stand on the tariff question, in Pennsylvania we are just as sound on the tariff as the Republican party. We are met either by vituperation, personal abuse or by their dodging the question altogether. The amount of it is that the platform at Cincinnati was made in the interest of the solid South and the commerce of New York city.

I have not, as I said, a thing against the character of General Hancock, nor have I personally a word to say against the Southern brigadier. They are supposed to get all they can for their people; but in the days when they were in power, they abused that power, and now, and for a good while yet, so far as we can judge by the present, we of the North propose to draw the checks and hold the purse strings. Have we ever gone back on the South? We have done what we could to populate the Southern States with the energy and the industry of the North. We have built up her cities, constructed railroads and we have opened up her mines; and when disease and pestilence overtook the south, and the death cry of the suffering people went up for help, the brave heart of the north beat responsive to the call. Of all this and of all these, ten dollars out of every twelve went from Republican pockets. We are willing and desirous of helping the south in every way possible, but at the same time we are determined that we shall have the deciding voice in this little matter of who shall do the voting and manage the finances of the country.

The platform drawn up at Chicago—and drawn too *before* the nominations were made—declares for American labor. The platform devised at Cincinnati—and drawn *after* the nomiations were made, in order to suit the candidates—declares for a tariff for revenue only.

In other words the Republican platform and Mr. Garfield's letter of acceptance declare for American labor, for American manufactures, and for the capital invested in American labor; while the Democratic platform declares for a tariff which would reduce the American laborer to the condition of the European laborer, would dampen out our furnace fires, and stop every rolling mill in Pennsylvania.

General Beaver here read Garfield's views on the tariff, as expressed in his letter of acceptance. "We legislate for the people of the United States, and not for the whole world; and it is our glory that the American laborer is more intelligent and better paid than his foreign competitor." And yet they say General Garfield is a free-trader! In the last Congress a bill reducing to 35 per cent. ad valorem the duty on hoop and scrap iron having been introduced into that body by Mr. Wood, the Democratic chairman of the committee on ways and means.

General Beaver here took up the minority report of the same committee as presented by General Garfield, and signed by James A. Garfield, William D. Kelley, Omer D. Conger, William P. Frye, Mark H. Dunnell, all Republicans. These men represent every interest from Maine to Minnesota. The bill would have destroyed at least six millions of capital now invested in that exclusive industry in different parts of the States of Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and other States. The bill would have turned out of employment not less than 5,000 artisans and laborers who are directly interested in the manufacture of hoop and scrap iron and about 10,000 more who are engaged in the production of the material of which hoop iron is made. At whose dictation did Fernando Wood introduce that bill? Why down in the South they raise cotton, and every bale is hooped with hoop iron. Who dictated the free-trade plank of the Cincinnati platform? Why Fernando Wood and the solid South. Who are interested in a free trade platform as drawn up at Cincinnati? Why the importers of New York and the cotton growers of the solid South, who said take it or lose the election.

Now let us see what that thing of a tariff means, and who are the ones affected directly and indirectly. The man who digs the ore of which iron is made for instance: At his side is his dinner bucket, in which are packed bread, butter, meat, potatoes and other things. The tinner who made that bucket, the dairyman who made the butter, the farmer who raised the wheat that went to make the bread, the miller who made the flour, the man who raised the potatoes, the stock-raisers, the men who produced the tin, and many others are all interested in that dinner bucket. And then the ore must be hauled to the furnace, and to do that the harness-maker, the wagon-maker, the blacksmith, and hundreds of others are interested. Limestone must be quarried, and to do that picks and shovels and crowbars are necessary. To carry the iron to market railroads are employed, and at last when it is in the market it is worth may be $25. And why? Because a protective tariff makes it possible in Pennsylvania to produce that iron. Now which are you interested in, the artisan and the laborer of this country, or the aristocracy of Europe? Free trade means that your labors are to be undersold by the poorly-paid artisans of England. Our Democratic statesmen say we must patronize England for our manufactured articles. The South says we are interested in scrap and hoop iron, and you mudsill's and greasy mechanics of the North may go to Davy Jones.

General Beaver was interrupted by the loudest applause, time and time again, and concluded his speech amidst such cheers as must have sent forebodings of coming defeat to the heart of every Democrat present.

Colonel Hastings then addressed the meeting for about 30 minutes. It is not, the speaker said, to the Democratic candidate we must look, but behind the shoulder-straps and epaulettes. A solid south, free trade, and ruin to all our industries are what we see behind this federal General the Democracy have put up for President.

After eulogizing General Garfield and tracing his career from boyhood to the present time, Colonel Hastings gave an account of Republican enthusiasm and Democratic defections throughout the county.

After cheering for the speaker, for Garfield and Arthur, the meeting adjourned, and the band escorted Messrs. Hastings and Beaver to their hotel. You may depend upon 65 Republican majority, at least, here in Philipsburg.

DAN DE QUILLE.

—Diphtheria appearing—secure a bottle of Armstrong's "D & Q" drops. 31-3m

[From the Morning News.]

The Irrepressible Schofield, the Cheapside Statesman!

BELLEFONTE, Aug. 5, 1880.

Editor of the News:

I have just been told by some of my Republican friends that I have been abusing them, and that I said I did not want their work or patronage and could get along without any of their assistance. This I most emphatically deny, and brand it as a malicious and deliberate falsehood, circulated for the purpose of injuring me in my business. The person or persons who are reporting the above are known to the writer. I never carry politics into my business, as business and politics are two entirely different matters. I am an independent voter, but like all other men in business I look for my business to come from the support of men of all parties, and now for the benefit of myself as well as my friends, I will state what I did say. I said that "the best friends I had were in the Republican party, and that I was sorry to be compelled to act against them; but my course was chosen from pure and conscientious motives, and if my friends should go back on me I still have the world before me, and asked my hearers to be independent and stand firm for the right. As for me, I intended to vote for Gen. Hancock, the hero of two wars."

I have never voted the Democratic ticket in my life, but I will not be the only recruit who will vote for General Hancock. I have a brother who has been a Republican for more than twenty years. He, too, will vote for General Hancock. He served in the army over three years and a half that the Stars and Stripes might float over the "land of the free and the home of the brave," even though as a result the negroes might be freed. He was shot off his horse, and carries a ball below the knee that he will take with him to the grave.

I am a citizen of the Emerald Isle, and it is a sad commentary on the Republican party when it is compelled to resort to anything so low as this. Over three hundred thousand Irishmen fought that the union of these States might continue to exist, and that it should be one and inseparable forever. JAS. SCHOFIELD.

Branded as a Lie!

BELLEFONTE, August 12.

Editor Republican:

DEAR SIR—Please allow me room enough in your paper to reply to "Colored Republican." The gentleman wants to know if the white Republicans of the Garfield club of this place are ashamed to be seen marching through the streets with colored members of the club. I here answer the gentleman's question and say most emphatically that they are not. The colored club being separate was the suggestion of the colored people themselves. Therefore do not believe the writer to be of African descent, but some Democrat (far below the average Democrat) who has taken this way of trying to create dissatisfaction among the colored voters. I have attended nearly all the meetings of the Republican club, and always have been kindly treated, and never heard a disrespectful word spoken. I think the writer of the article in the *Democrat* will have to try something different. It is too thin. We know every colored voter in Bellefonte, and know just how they stand, and if this would-be colored Republican would attend one of the meetings of the true Republican club of colored men in Bellefonte he would know that every one believes him to be a poor judge of the colored voters or a willful falsifier.

MEMBER OF COLORED CLUB.

Denies the Soft Impeachment.

HOWARD, August 16.

Mr. Editor: In last week's issue of the REPUBLICAN an article appeared over the signature of "Jack" in reference to a pauper's right to vote, stating that I "refused to place the name of a Republican pauper on the registration, because I claim he has no right to vote." I will here say that "Jack's" statement is a *positive falsehood*, that *he* nor any one else ever heard me express my opinion on the subject; that the said "pauper" *was assessed*, and his name appears in alphabetical order in all my books.

Hoping you will insert the above in your next issue, I am, yours, &c.,

J. N. HALL,
Assessor of Howard township.

—There will be a festival at the Reformed church, at Houserville, on Saturday, August 28, 1880. Ice cream, cake and confectionery will be served. The proceeds will accrue to the benefit of the church. John Lutz and Daniel Heckman are the committee in charge.

—The "unterrified" of Harris twp. are going to make fools of themselves on Tuesday next by getting drunk and raising a Hancock pole. No use, gentlemen, better save your money and wits and devote them to starting another report about Garfield and the English Cobden club.

From Julian.

The Republicans of Huston township held an enthusiastic meeting on the evening of the 10th inst., at the Williams school house, near Martha Furnace. The officers of the club John Craig, Pres.; D. H. Chandler, Vice-Pres., and D. W, Kline, Treas. were all on hand and full of zeal in the good work of organization.

Shortly after 8 o'clock, in spite of the heavy rain which had fallen during the afternoon and evening, the house was well filled with citizens of Huston, and a large delegation of Republicans from Unionville. The audience was addressed by Messrs. Clement Dale, and D. S. Keller of your town, who portrayed the political situation and gave sound reasons why a continuance of Republican rule is to be preferred to handing over the government to the men who declare in favor of a "Revenue Tariff" and the majority of whom so recently sought to destroy this Union.

A little after 10 a. m. the meeting adjourned, highly pleased with the evening's work, and with a firm determination on the part of every Republican present to labor faithfully for the success of the whole ticket. Quite a number of names were added to the club roll. You may expect a good report from old Huston in November. Her Rebublicans are all *stalwart*. No Republican soldier here will follow Hancock's lead into the rebel camp. The Greenbackers, of whom our township had a plentiful sprinkling two years ago, are gradually falling into line, convinced that a change is not needed, and resolved that they will not be bought and sold any longer, but to cast their votes where they will count. Demoarats, up this way don't yell quite so loud as they did immediately after the Cincinnati convention. They are somewhat afraid Hancock will be another dose of Horace Greely.

W. R. MATTERS, Sec'y.
Julian Furnace, Pa., Aug. 13, 1880.

Flag Raising at Boalsburg.

On last Saturday evening the Garfield and Arthur club of Boalsburg, true to their well-known patriotism and loyalty, unfurled the flag of freedom to the breeze. They have not forgotten the flag of our fathers. They still cherich the starry banner that led our armies to victory during the rebellion. Again they raise the ensign that is to lead the army of honesty, freedom and truth to a grand and glorious victory in the present.

One of the most significant incidents of the occasion was the appearance of a beautiful rainbow in the heavens just over the flag as it was being hoisted. What an auspicious omen. The bow of promise bending to kiss the folds of the emblem of liberty, inspiring the party of the free with hope, predicting a certain and successful issue to the party that rallied round the flag in its hour of peril.

Arouse, Republicans; arm for the conflict. Victory is certain. Right will conquor. The principles of the Republican party must and shall be defended.

A Wonderful Cure of Costiveness.

ST. ALBANS, VT., Feb. 12.

DEAR SIR:—After nearly sixteen consecutive years of prostration from spinal disease, my bowels becoming more and more constipated I was forced to resort to the *daily* use of the most approved alternatives and cathartics prescribed by medical profession; which, however, seldom produced an evacuation more than once or twice a week—and not even then, without one or two injections before any relief.

Possibly no one can imagine—I hope you may never experience—my suffering from Piles and otherwise, in consequence of costiveness and partial paralysis of the rectum. Such was my condition when by the advise of my physician I commenced the trial of your Kidney-Wort some three weeks ago. Since then I have taken nothing else excepting one small blue-pill. Now by the use of one or two spoonfulls each week of the Kidney-Wort, the evacuations are sufficient and without suffering. Such a medicine is of priceless value, and I hope you will spare no pains in making known its virtues for the relief of suffering humanity.

Respectfully Yours,
NELSON FAIRCHILD.

Barn Struck by Lightning.

During the thunder storm of last Wednesday a barn on the farm owned by Mr. Samuel Vantries, in Harris township, and occupied by Commissioner George Swab, was struck by lightning and set on fire. The building, together with its contents—hay, grain, farming implements, etc.—was destroyed.

—President Hayes and party took supper at the Logan House, Altoona, on Tuesday evening, on their way to Columbus, O., to attend the soldiers' reunion. A large crowd gathered at the depot to get a peep at the President, but with the exception of three hearty cheers no demonstration was made.

—The bone and muscle producing malt, the nerve-quieting hop, the superb malarial antidote quinine, and other precious ingredients, combined without fermentation, are the ingredients of "Malt Bitters," prepared by the Malt Bitters Company. 30-3t

List of Jurors for August Court.

GRAND JURORS.

Harris—Henry Potter, G B Jack, D Keller.
Philipsburg—C T Fryberger, G G Pottsgrove, J N Cassanova.
Marion—S Henderson.
Bellefonte—R M Knight, J Klinger, G W Jackson, W L Steele.
Miles—S M Spangler.
Liberty—J A Stover.
College—R Kendal.
Haines—T Edmonds, B B Burd.
Snow Shoe—W Stewart, Jr.
Walker—Wm. Zerby.
Benner—H Sampsel.
Ferguson—B Craig.
Potter—Dr Jacobs.
Milesburg—G Gray.
Curtin—Jno McClosky.
Boggs—A Fetzer.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Unionville—A T Leathers.
Bellefonte—Wm Harper, J Irwin, Jr., J A Eakin, J P Harris.
Spring—H F Bartly, Geo Garbrick, G W Lonebarger, Thos Shearer.
Miles—Wm Bair, Daniel Musser, H Smull, Mich Bierly, Em Harter.
Harris—G W Campbell, Cyrus Durst, H Myers, Jr.
Marion—James Martin.
Walker—D A Dietrick.
Snow Shoe—R Gilliland, W F Holt, J A Thompson.
Haines—Mich Fiedler, J C Motz.
Halfmoon—A Stine, Is Beck.
Howard boro—G Wistar.
Howard—J W Gardner.
Ferguson—David Dreibilbis, J L Musser, C B Hess, D W Miller, C Danly.
Penn—D Ertle, Benj Kerstetter.
Patton—O C Beck.
Union—B Shiply, A Calhoun.
Benner—A Y Wagner, Wm Close, Jas Carson.
Milesburg—C D Jones.
Philipsburg—Josh Beck.
Boggs—D P Shope.
College—Wm McGirk.

SECOND WEEK.

Rush—B Coyle.
Ferguson—F Bottorf, Jacob Keller, D Dennis, S J Gates, G Keichline.
Haines—Jonathan Krape, T G Ehrhart.
Milesburg—A T Boggs.
Huston—J P Turner, G W Woodring.
Penn—J H Frank.
Bellefonte—J Brachbill, L L Brown, F P Green.
Boggs—G Noll, J Walters.
Bush—W J Jackson.
Gregg—Jacob F Homan, H A Krumrine, I J Grenoble.
Unionville—H Iddings.
Walker—W H Yearick, John Zimmerman.
Penn—David Hosterman.
Spring—Ed Wood's.
Liberty—W N Bitner.
Union—J Frederick.
Howard—M Pletcher, I C Leathers.
Philipsburg—A S Graham.
Potter—James McCormick, Jos Wagner, Jr.
Halfmoon—W S Gray.
Benner—D Houser.

—We have examined a new work being sold in this town by Mosely & Bell entitled "Our Deportment," which treats upon home culture and good manners, is printed upon beautiful tinted paper and bound in elegant style. It is full of the best rules for the guidance of those who desire to appear well in society; in fact, ladies and gentlemen, it should be in every family in town.

—Rev. P. N. Granger, of St. Albans, Vt., and Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District, in a letter of recent date, says: "I will say that my experience with Kindal's Spavin Cure has been very satisfactory indeed. Three or four years ago I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it, cured a horse of the lameness caused by a spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ring-bone was forming. I procured a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure and with less than a bottle cured him so that he is not lame. Neither can the bunch be found."

—Pennsylvania State College admits both sexes. Endowment half a million. Tuition *free*. Courses of study, Classical, Scientific and Agricultural. A thorough preparatory department. Expenses $3 to $6 per week. For catalogue address, Joseph Shortlidge, A. M., President, State College, Pa. 12-31-8t

FOR SALE.

A handsome bay pony, kind and gentle; drives single and double; has been used mostly under saddle, and is used to children. Will be sold low for want of use. Inquire at Miller & Co.'s book store.

Gilt-Edged Butter.

There is always an active demand for butter that is up to the gilt-edged standard in quality and color. Much butter that is otherwise good sells at a reduction of from three to five cents per pound, because deficient in color. Dairymen should then use Wells, Richardson & Co's Perfect Butter Color to give a bright June color. This color is by far the brightest, purest and best made.

—The ladies of the Reformed church, of Bellefonte, will give a festival on Friday and Saturday evenings, August 27th and 28th. Ice cream and cake will be served. The proceeds are to be appropriated to furnishing the new church to be erected on Linn street.

New Advertisements.

STATE FAIR.

TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE

Penuna. Agricultural Society

WILL BE HELD IN

MAIN CENTENNIAL BUILDING,

Fairmount Park, Philadelphia,

September 6th to 18th.

ENTRIES AND COMPETITION FREE.

INTERNATIONAL SHOW —OF— SHEEP, WOOL & WOOL PRODUCTS

Sept. 20th to 25th, 1880.

Entry Books will close at the office, northwest cor. Tenth and Chestnut Sts., Aug. 31, 1880.

$40,000 IN Premiums

Cash Prizes for Live Stock, $24,315.

Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates. Liberal arrangements for Transportation.

WILLIAM S. BISSELL, President.
ELDRIDGE MCCONKEY, Cor. Sec.
D. W. SELLER, Recording Sec.
32-4t

Valuable Real Estate at Public Sale.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE ORPHANS' Court of Centre county, Pennsylvania, will be offered at public sale, on the premises, in Harris township, on

SATURDAY, 11th day of September, 1880

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, late of John C. Bricker, deceased, to wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situated in the township of Harris, in the county of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on the northeast corner of the lot owned by Mrs. Joseph Myers, thence along said land and land of Elizabeth Boal west 50 rods to a stone, thence along lands belonging to Stover's heirs north 22½ degrees west 60 rods to elm tree, thence along land belonging to Stover's heirs north 87½ degrees, east 64 rods to a stone, thence along Boalsburg and Bellefonte turnpike south 8 degrees, east 60 rods to place of beginning, containing 20 acres and 99 perches neat measure, the greater part being heavily timbered with good white oak timber, and all being land of excellent quality.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, balance in one year, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, with interest.

32-4t JOHN MUSSER, Jr., Executor.

WANTED.

1500 Chestnut Poles 30 feet long.
300 " " 35 " "
100 " " 40 " "
50 " " 45 " "
50 " " 50 " "

None less than 7½ inches at small end (diameter), barked and butt cuts—loaded on cars in lots not less than 10 car loads on Pennsylvania Railroad.

Deliver by Sept. 1st to 15th. Apply to

BOND VALENTINE,
au6-1w BELLEFONTE, PA.

AGENTS WANTED

For Smith's Bible Dictionary and Holman's new PICTORIAL BIBLES.

Address, for Circulars, A. J. HOLMAN & CO. Philadelphia. 30-4w

New Advertisements.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—PRISCILLA C. ELLIS, by her next friend, E. C. HENDERSON, vs. ANTES ELLIS. In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county. No. 6, Jan'y term, 1880. Libel in Divorce, A. V. M.

The undersigned, commissioner, appointed to take testimony, will meet the parties interested at the office of Beaver & Gephart, in Bellefonte, on FRIDAY, AUGUST 27th, 1880, at 1 o'clock p. m.

WM. F. REBER,
31-3t Commissioner.

THE BONANZA FOR BOOK AGENTS IS selling our two splendidly illustrated books, Lives of

HANCOCK AND GARFIELD

the first written by his life-long friend, Hon. J. W. FORNEY, an author of national fame, and an ardent admirer of the "superb soldier;" the second written by his comrade-in-arms and personal friend, Gen. JAS. A. BRISBIN, an author of wide celebrity. Both official, low-priced, immensely popular, and selling beyond precedent. Agents DOUBLE PROFITS BY SELLING BOTH. Outfits 50 cents each. Act quick and coin money. HUBBARD BROS., 723 Chestnut St., Phila. 31-4w

LETTING.—PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING STONE ABUTMENTS for a bridge across Marsh Creek, on the public road leading from Howard to Eagleville, will be received by the County Commissioners until 12 o'clock M., August 16, 1880. Specifications can be seen at Bellefonte, Pa. The contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

ANDREW GREGG,
GEORGE SWAB,
JACOB DUNKLE,
30-3w Commissioners.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 25th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Hon. Samuel Frank and the Hon. John Divens, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date, 15th day of July, A. D., 1880, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of August next, being the 23d day of August, 1880, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 23d day of July, in the year of our Lord, 1880 and in the one hundred and fourth year of the independence of the United States.

JOHN SPANGLER,
30-3t Sheriff.

Two Valuable Farms at Private Sale.

THE REAL ESTATE SITUATE IN CENTRE COUNTY, belonging to the heirs of the late DR. A. A. HENDERSON, is offered at private sale. It consists of two valuable farms, one situate in College township, containing about two hundred and ten acres of cleared land and thirty acres of timber land thereon erected a LARGE STONE MANSION HOUSE, TWO GOOD FRAME DWELLING HOUSES, Bank Barn, and all necessary outbuildings. Also, a GOOD ORCHARD of eight acres. Springs, and a stream of running water through the farm.

Another situate in Harris township, containing about one hundred and sixty (160) acres, all cleared excepting eight acres, thereon erected a LARGE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, bank barn, corn house, ice house and all necessary outbuildings. There is also a good young Orchard on this farm, and the right to pipe water from a stream of running water.

Also a TRACT OF TIMBER LAND on the north side of Tussey mountain, containing one hundred acres, and another containing between one and two acres, with water right sufficient to run machinery of mill.

Payments will be made to suit the purchasers. For terms and particulars call upon or address,

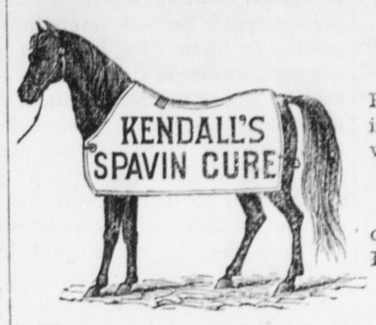
W. W. LEECH,
Boalsburg, Pa.
Or BEAVER & GEPHART,
30-3m Bellefonte, Pa.

DR. MARGARET G. COLEMAN, OF WILLIAMSPORT, has returned from a sojourn at the sea shore, and has moved into her hospital residence on High street, that she has fitted up for the reception of guests. Location the most healthy in the city. Women's diseases and nervous debility are specialties.

Send to Box 178 for circulars and references. Mrs. Dr. Coleman has been successful in the treatment of patients in Bellefonte, from whom the most satisfactory testimonials can be furnished to those who may desire to be benefited by her skill. 25-4t

BEST business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one willing to work can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. A great opportunity for making money easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 12-27-6m

Kendall's Spavin Cure.



It Cures Spavins, Splints, Curbs, Ringbones, and all similar Blemishes, and Removes the Bunch without Blistering.

For Man it is now known to be one of the best, if not the best, Liniments ever discovered.

We feel positive that every man can have perfect success in every case if he will only use good common sense in applying KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE, and persevere in bad cases of long standing. Read below the experience of others.

From Col. L. T. Foster.

Youngstown, Ohio, May 10th, 1880.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.: Gents: I had a very valuable Hambletonian colt which I prized very highly; he had a large bone spavin on one joint and a smaller one on the other, which made him very lame. I had him under the charge of two veterinary surgeons, which failed to cure him. I was one day reading the advertisement of Kendall's Spavin Cure in the Chicago *Express*; I determined at once to try it, and got our druggists here to send for it. They ordered three bottles. I took them all and thought I would give it a thorough trial. I used it according to the directions and by the fourth day the colt ceased to be lame, and the lumps had entirely disappeared. I used but one bottle, and the colt's limbs are as free from lumps and as smooth as any horse in the state. He is entirely cured. The cure was so remarkable that I let two of my neighbors have the remaining two bottles, who are now using it.

Very respectfully, L. T. FOSTER.

From Rev. P. N. Granger,

Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District.

St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 20th, 1880.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.: GENTS. In reply to your letter I will say that my experience with Kendall's Spavin Cure has been very satisfactory indeed. Three or four years ago I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it, cured a horse of Lameness caused by spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks, when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ring-bone was forming. I procured a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure and with less than a bottle cured him so that he is not lame, neither can the bunch be found.

Respectfully yours, P. N. GRANGER.

PERSEVERANCE WILL TELL.

Stoughton, Mass., March 10th, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & CO.: GENTS: In justice to you and myself, I think I ought to let you know that I have removed two bone spavins with Kendall's Spavin cure, one very large one. Don't know now long the spavin had been there. I have owned the horse eight months. It took me four months to take the large one off, and two months for the small one. I have used ten bottles. The horse is entirely well, not at all stiff, and no bunch to be seen or felt. This is a wonderful medicine. It is a new thing here, but if it does for all what it has done for me its sale will be very great.

Respy'y yours, CHAS. E. PARKER.

STATEMENT MADE UNDER OATH.

To Whom it may Concern: In 1875 I treated with Kendall's Spavin Cure a bone spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he has never been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated them with Kendall's Spavin Cure. B. A. GAINES.

Enosburg Falls, Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D. 1879.

JOHN G. JENNE,
Justice of the Peace.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

ON HUMAN FLESH it has been ascertained by repeated trials to be the very best Liniment ever used for any disease or accidental pain of long standing, or of short duration. Also for CORNS, BUNIONS, FROST-BITES or any bruise, cut or lameness. Some are afraid to use it on human flesh, simply because it is a horse medicine, but you should remember that what is good for BEAST is good for MAN, and we know from experience that KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE can be used on a child one year old with perfect safety. Its effects are wonderful on human flesh and it does not blister or make a sore. Try it and be convinced.

What is Good for Beast is Good for Man

Read of its effects on human flesh:

Patten's Mills, Wash. co., N.Y., Feb. 21, 1878.

B. J. KENDALL, M. D.: Dear Sir: The particular case on which I used your Kendall's Spavin Cure was a malignant ankle sprain of sixteen months' standing. I had tried many things, but in vain. Your Kendall's Spavin Cure put the foot to the ground again, and, for the first time since hurt, in a natural position. For a family liniment it excels anything we ever used. Yours truly,

Rev. M. P. BELL,
Pastor M. E Church, Patten's Mills, N.Y.

Bakersfield, Vt., Dec. 23, 1879.

B. J. KENDALL & CO.: GENTS: I wish to add my testimony in favor of your invaluable liniment, Kendall's Spavin Cure. In the spring of 1872 I slipped on the ice and sprained my right limb at the knee joint. I was very lame and a times suffered the most excruciating pain. I wore a bandage on it for over a year, and tried most everything in my reach, but could find nothing that would give me permanent relief. When I overworked, it would pain me very much. In April, 1878, I began to think I should be a cripple for life, but having some of Kendall's Spavin Cure thought I would try it. I used one-third of a bottle and experienced relief at once. The pain left me and has not troubled me since. I feel very grateful to you and would recommend Kendall's Spavin Cure to all who suffer with sprains or rheumatism.

Yours truly, MRS. J. BOUTELL.

Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.

12-31 DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Grain! Grain! Grain!

LAWRENCE L. BROWN,

Dealer in

COAL, GRAIN, PLASTER, &c.

OFFICE, GRAIN ELEVATOR AND COAL YARD

Near South End Bald Eagle Valley Ralroad.

:o:

WILKESBARRE and SHAMOKIN

ANTHRACITE COAL!!

Best Qualities Always on Hand,

☞WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED.☜

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-tf

BELLEFONTE MUSIC STORE.

Pianos, Organs & Sheet Music,

INSTRUCTORS, COVERS AND STOOLS.

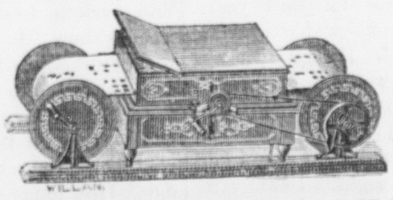
Band and Small Instruments, Organettes, Fashion Patterns, Oil Paintings and Chromos.

SEWING MACHINES

Of all makes, Oil, Attachments, Parts, Needles, Barbour Bro's Linen Thread. Organs hired as low as $5.00 per month. Sewing Machines at $3.00.

LARGEST STOCK OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

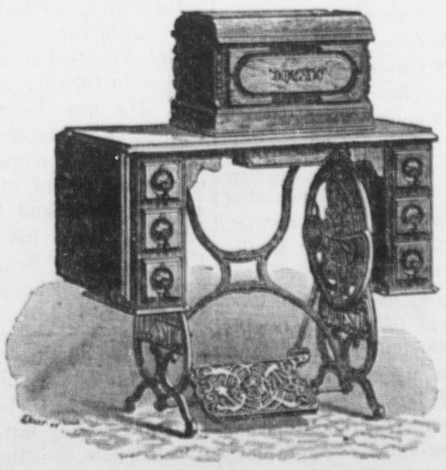
"SILVER CYMBAL," a New Collection of Sunday School Music, $1.00 per Dozen.



WONDERFUL ORGANETTE.

PLAYS ALL TUNES. A CHILD CAN PLAY IT.

THE NEW DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.



YOU WOULD BUY IT IF YOU TRIED IT. IT HAS NO EQUAL.

TEN DOLLARS OFF. NO AGENTS EMPLOYED.

Why can this Firm Sell so Cheap? Because they Buy for Cash and Employ No Agents.

12-27tf BUNNELL & AIKENS.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE Democrats will get all the "change" they care for when Indiana goes Republican in October.

THE latest instance of warming a viper in the family bosom occurs in New Jersey. A married man takes pity on a bereaved neighbor, much against the will of his wife, and the bereaved neighbor manages to solace his griefs by robbing his neighbor of his wife. Widowers and widows, if young and taking, can usually take care of themselves, and the universal lesson is to leave such mourners to the softening influences of time and society at large.

THE alleged to be Bender family seems to have secured a passage to Kansas, without cost, only to convince the detectives that they are not Benders at all. This is a stale trick, and the western officials ought not to have been taken in. The parties appear to be of the sort decent people like to contemplate exodusting rather than otherwise. But they have reached the object of their longing, and can now take a rest. The joke is too old to laugh at.

HOW IMPORTANT it is to use great care in the handling of oil vessels has again been illustrated. Millions of feet of lumber and many boats were destroyed at Hunter's Point, New York, in a conflagration which started by reckless mismanagement on board a petroleum-laden bark. The destruction of property is enormous, and the consequental loss caused by the interruption of business will be very heavy. It is impossible to take too many precautions against accidents in the conduct of the oil traffic.

IT is now in order for the sanguine person who suggested a week ago that the heated term would come again no more, to hide his diminished head and perspiring face, and to ponder the uncertainty of things here below. The weather was not more oppressive than that with which we have been recently afflicted when every day the vaulting mercury raged among the nineties. As the drowning man clutches at a straw, in such an atmosphere as this there is some relief in reading that Vennor has a cold spell almost due.

WHEN the Fusion Legislature of Maine "adjourned" last winter it was to meet on August 5. The date has come and gone, but the men whom Garcelon and his gang of burglars counted in have made no attempt to reassemble as a Legislature. If they are still proud of that exploit for a free count, it is strange they should have allowed so good an opportunity to slip by unimproved of bringing their case freshly before the people on the opening of the campaign. Perhaps they concluded that the Republicans can be depended upon to keep it fresh enough.

THERE are symptoms of Democratic displeasure with Wade Hampton for his "indiscretion." That is precisely the word for his offence. He told no untruth, he misrepresented no principle, but carelessly said in public what every other Southern Democrat says only in private. There is nothing the South is more solid in than the belief that Hancock and his party represent the principles the South fought for for four years. Wade Hampton knew that when he made his appeal. His blunder was in supposing he would not be reported and his words read in the North. If there had not been a Republican newspaper at Staunton he would have been all right. Democratic newspapers publish no "indiscreet" speeches.

A STARTLING presentment, says the New York *Tribune*, was made by the grand jury yesterday in the Seawanhaka case. The jury brought in indictments for manslaughter against the captain, engineer and owners of the boat, and also against the government inspector of boilers and of life-saving apparatus in this district. A sweeping charge is made in the presentment of gross negligence of duty on the part of the inspectors, who are accused of granting certificates to incompetent engineers and of making the inspection of steam machinery, life-boats, life-preservers etc., a mere superficial and formal matter. These officials are employed by the Treasury department and paid high salaries. If they have been making their offices sinecures instead of honestly endeavoring to protect the lives and limbs of the travelling community, the grand jury has performed a meritorious service in informing the public and the government of the fact. The presentment is no less severe in its comments upon the indifference and carelessness of steamboat owners who employ inefficient men to man their boats, permit them to be overcrowded with passengers, and pay no attention to their life-saving apparatus or to their seaworthiness so long as they will keep afloat. The jury may be extravagant in some of their statements and accusations, but they have unquestionably struck at a serious evil which has produced terrible consequences of late. The inspectors will doubtless have something to say in their own behalf, but whether they have been criminally negligent or not, it is plain that the public is not getting the protection it is entitled to and which the government attempts to give it.

Bastard Patriotism.

The *Post* is becoming inspired with patriotic zeal. It admires the Union general now as it never admired him before. It just "glories in Hancock," and speaks with sacred fervor of the "blood which he shed in turning the tide of battle at Gettysburg." Has it the faintest remembrance of the attitude of the Democratic party towards the Union army at and about that date? Does it recollect how sorely pressed the army was for men in 1863? Can it recall the passage of the enrollment act in the spring of that year, and the stand taken by the leaders of its party in resisting the draft under that act? Has it slipped its memory how a Democratic ex-President, Democratic Governors, judges and other high dignitaries rushed to the aid of the rebels by declaring the draft unconstitutional, and did all in their power to cripple the very cause which Hancock and his brave men fought to maintain? Did the bitter denunciations of the copperhead press, hurled against Lincoln and his administration, leave no enduring impression? Did it never hear such epithets as "Lincoln hirelings," appiled to the Boys in Blue? Never hear it suggested that they were engaged in a "damned abolition war," and ought to fight it out without trampling the constitution under foot by dragging men from their homes who had no interest in the war and had nothing to do with bringing it about?

And at a later date, along in the summer of 1864, after the fighting at Spotsylvania and in the Wilderness some things were done by the Democratic party which should not be forgotten. It had a grand convention in Chicago, in August of that year, during which some of the most treasonable speeches ever uttered on American soil were listened to by thousands and loudly applauded. For fear the *Post* may have forgotten, we will mention that, in addition to the brutal and disloyal speeches delivered on that memorable occasion, the Democratic party, in National convention assembled, solemnly declared the war for the Union a failure, demanded a cessation of the hostilities. The party, then as now, professed to be the party of the constitution, and the party of law and liberty; and it nominated, then as now, nominated a Union general for President. And what did the country do? Repudiated the Democratic party and its bastard patriotism and carried the war to a successful close in spite of its opposition. The *Post's* fine patriotic frenzy should deceive nobody now. It stands politically to-day just where it stood in 1863-4. It did not go into ecstacy over Hancock's blood then, and only uses it now as a means to an end. Its patriotic outbursts come too late in the day. How long—O, Lord, how long they have been delayed!—*Commercial Gazette.*

CHADWICK, one of the serviceable tools of the conspirators who attempted to steal an electoral vote in Oregon in 1876, has come to grief at last. He has been convicted of having, as Secretary of the State, drawn illegal warrants on the treasury amounting to $12,877. He was a warm friend and backer of Governor Grover in his contest for the United States Senatorship, and shouted himself hoarse for "Tilden and reform" in 1876.

WHY should the Democrats jubilate so much over the accession of David Davis? If he has demonstrated anything during his service in the Senate, it is that he controls only one vote. There is no doubt the Democrats need that one vote badly enough, but it doesn't look now as if it would enable them to carry Illinois.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale at the Court House, in Bellefonte, on

Saturday, August 21, A. D., 1880,

at one o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate of the defendants, to wit:

No. 1.

Suit of Henry Meyer, Jr. vs. H. E. Welrick.
No. 236 April term, 1879. Debt, $85.50. Al. fi. fa. No. 23 August term, 1880. Spangler, Att'y.

All that certain lot or picce of ground situate in Miles township, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the west and south by lands of Joseph Kreamer, on the east by lot of Amos Fehl, and on the north by public road—containing ¼ acre, more or less: thereon erected a 1½ story frame house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of H. E. Welrick.

No. 2.

Suit of Nancy J. Ammerman vs. Alfred Nichols.
No. 175 Nov. term, 1877. Debt, $1,130. Al. lev. fa. No. 40 August term, 1880. Yocum & Hastings, Att'ys.

All the right, title and interest of defendant in and to that certain messuage and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Situate on the bank of Spring Creek, near the willow bank dam, bounded on the south by the road leading from Bellefonte via. Reynolds' mill to Roopsburg, on the west by the mill dam, on the north by said mill dam and Spring Creek, and extending east ten feet from the Bellefonte Press company building; together with the use of and right to draw from said dam, through a forebay or channel, sufficient water to give by the aid of a turbine water wheel, power equal to two-horse power for driving the machinery used in said building. Being the same estate which D. G. Bush granted and conveyed to W. T. Wylie by deed dated the 1st day of October, 1872, for the period of ninety-nine years, and which said W. T. Wylie, by assignment bearing even date herewith and intended to be forthwith recorded, conveyed to said Alfred Nichols; thereon erected a two-story f ame building. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Alfred Nichols.

No. 3.

Suit of Jno. L. Rockey vs. H. D. Showers.
No. 420 Aug. term, 1878. Debt, $550.70. Vend. ex. No. 28 Aug. term, 1880. Hoy, Att'y.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Walker township, Centre county, Penn'a: Bounded on the west by Struble and Kephart, on the east by J. G. Royer and Henry Showers, and on the south by Frank Hockman—containing 33 acres, more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house, bank barn and other outbuildings.

Also, all that certain lot of timber land situate in Walker township, Centre county, Penn'a: Bounded on the north by Struble, on the south by Moses Thompson, on the east by Mrs. Gephart, and on the west by Martin Brumgart—containing 11 acres, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of H. D. Showers.

No. 4.

Suit of Steinkerchner & Bro. vs. John Campbell.
No. 243 Nov. term, 1878. Debt, $12.07. Al. vend. ex. No. 49 Aug. term, 1880 Keichline, Att'y.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Bellefonte borough and Spring township, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the north by Willow Bank street, on the east by Holmes street, on the south by alley, and on the west by lot of Henry Bucher; fronting on said Willow Bank street 100 feet and extending back 150 feet to said alley—containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Campbell.

No. 5.

Suit of Lucas & Bro. vs. Reuben Pletcher.
No. 260 Jan'y term, 1877. Fi. fa. No. 59 Aug. term, 1880. Debt, $426.40. Y. & H., Att'ys.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Howard township, Centre county, Pa., about one-half mile south of Howard borough: Bounded on the east by public road leading from Howard to Jacksonville, on the south and west by lands of Joseph Montgomery's heirs, and on the north by lands of Joseph Royer—containing 12 acres, more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable and other outbuildings.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendant in and to all that certain farm or tract of land situate in Liberty township, Centre county, Pa.: Beginning at a post on the bank of Bald Eagle Creek; thence along lands of B. Weber north 43° west, 376 perches to a post; thence along lands of Daniel Oller north 34° east, to white oak; thence along lands of Abram Holter south 43° east, 378 perches to a linn on bank of Bald Eagle; thence along said creek to the place of beginning—containing 97 acres and 70 perches more or less.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendant in and to all that certain tract of timber land situate in Liberty township, Centre county, Pa.: Beginning at a post; thence by land of B. Lauth south 58½° west, 59 perches to stones; thence by land of Jacob Schenk's heirs north 32½° west, 108 perches to stones; thence by land of B. Lauth north 58½° east, 59 perches to stones; thence by lands formerly owned by John Irwin, Jr. south 32½° east, 108 perches to the place of beginning—containing 40 acres, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Reuben Pletcher.

No. 6.

Suit of Mary M. DeArmant vs. Geo. Housel et al.
No. 43 April term, 1880. Debt, $220. Vend. ex. No. 48 Aug. term, 1880. Y. & H., Att'ys.

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the east by old turnpike leading from Bellefonte to Lewistown, on the west by an alley, on the south by an alley, and on the north by Thomas Harrison—containing one-half acre, more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George Housel and Margaret Housel.

No. 7.

Suit of Geo. Grimm et ux. vs. R. D. Cummings.
No. 119 Aug. term, 1877. Debt, $8,9.51. Vend. ex. No. 78 Aug. term, 1880. A. & B., Att'ys.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the village of Port Matilda, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a corner of lot lately owned by R. D. Cummings, on High street; thence by said street north 40½° west, 60 feet to an alley; thence by said alley east 200 feet to Centre street; thence by said Centre street south 40½° east, 60 feet to said lot of R. D. Cummings; thence by said lot south 40½° west, 200 feet to place of beginning—containing ¼ of an acre, more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of R. D. Cummings.

No. 8.

Suit of Wm. Wolf vs. Daniel Durst.
No. 222 November term, 1878. Debt, $553.38. Al. fi. fa. No. 77 August term, 1880. A. & B., Att'ys.

The undivided one-half interest in all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Potter township, Centre county, Pa.: Beginning at a stone; thence by land of John Royer, north 35½° east, 16 5-10 perches to a spruce; thence by same north 80° east, 24 5-10 perches to a stone; thence by land of Hannah Cooney, north 4° east, 11 3-10 perches to a stone; thence by John Moyer's land north 58° west, 50 3-10 perches to a post; thence north 13½° west, 7 6-10 perches to pine stump; thence south 65° west, 5 3-10 perches to a corner; thence north 79° west, 12 2-10 perches to a road; thence by land of Wm. McMinn south 4 1-10° east, 40 perches to the place of beginning—containing 4 acres, 94 perches; thereon erected a two-story frame house, store room, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Daniel Durst.

No. 9.

Suit of J. H. Orvis et. al. vs A. Stewart et. al.
No. 227 April term, 1876. Debt, $47 32. Vend. ex. No. 79 August term, 1880. Y. & H. Att'ys.

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by land of John Ledeman, on the east by lands of James Steele, on the south by Nittany mountain and on the west by the old Larimer farm—Containing 133 acres more or less; thereon erected a two-story plank house, bank barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Abraham Stewart and J. G. Larimer.

No. 10.

Suit of D. M. Leib Adm'x vs. Uriah Wilson.
No. 144 January term, 1880. Debt, $40.50. Lev. fa. No. 66 August term, 1880. A. & B. Att'ys.

All that certain building located on a lot or piece of ground, part of a tract situate in Benner township, Centre county, Pa.: bounded on south by old Half Moon road, on the west and north by lands of John Cole and on the east by Harlem Sailor—containing one-half acres more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house 24½ feet front by 16 feet deep. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Uriah Wilson.

No. 11.

Suit of D. M. Leib, Adm'x vs. Geo. Sharp, owner, &c.
No. 322 August term, 1878. Debt, $254.13. Lev. fa. No, 65 August term, 1880. A. & B. Att'ys.

All that certain building located on a lot or piece of ground part of a tract of land situate in——township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: On the south by public road leading from Bellefonte by the Fair ground and Buffalo Run, on the west by lot of N. Lucas, on the north by lands of the estate of Wm. A. Thomas, deceased, and on the east by lot of S. Rote—containing ½ acre more or less. It is a two-story frame building or dwelling house about 45 feet along the road aforesaid in length and 18 feet in depth. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George Sharp, owner, &c.

No. 12.

Suit of D. M. Leib Adm'x vs. A. V. Miller et. al.
No. 142 January term, 1880. Debt, $380.98. Lev. fa. No. 68 August term, 1880. A. & B. Att'ys.

All that certain building situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the north by what is called the mountain road, on the east by Samuel Noll, on the south by Nittany mountain and on the west by the Bellefonte and Lewistown Turnpike road—containing ——acres more or less. The said building being a frame house —— stories high, having a front of 36 feet and depth of 18 feet with a kitchen 14 by 15 feet and a porch thereto attached Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Eliza Miller, A. V. Miller, —— Miller, Isaac Miller, Mary Miller, Caroline Pennington and R. V. Miller, with notice to A. V. Miller as terre tenant.

No. 13.

Suit of Jacob Mann vs. John Mann.
No 148 Aug. term, 1877. Debt, $158.86. Al. ven. ex. No. 38 August term, 1880. Fortney, Att'y.

All that certain tract of land situate in Curtin township, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the north by lands of Hiram Young, on the east by lands of James Haverly, on the south by lands of Robert Mann and on the west by lands of Jno. A. Daley—containing 140 acres more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house, log stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Mann.

No. 14.

Suit of Ferdinand Beezer vs. Mary Meyers, Administratrix of Joseph Beezer, deceased.
No. 114 April term, 1880. Debt, $1,723.28. Lev. fa. No. 57, August term, 1880. Morrison, Att'y.

All those three several messuages and tracts of land situate in Benner township, Centre county, Pa., one thereof bounded and described as follows: The undivided one-half part of a tract beginning at a point in the middle of Spring Creek; thence south 45° west, 52 perches to stones; thence south 40° east, about 74 perches to the middle of Spring Creek, by its various courses and distances to place of beginning—containing 20 acres, be the same more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable and other outbuildings.

Also, all those other two tracts of land one thereof beginning on the bank of Spring Creek, six feet from the water's edge, at the line of John Meyers; thence down said creek eighteen perches to a post; thence an easterly course parallel with John Meyers, five perches to a post; thence south course eighteen perches to John Meyers line; thence along said line, five perches to the place of beginning—containing 90 perches. No buildings.

Also, the other thereof beginning at a pine corner, formerly Robert Carson and Benjamin Hartman; thence north 80° west, 83 3-10 perches to stones; thence north 57½° east, 119 perches to white oak; thence south 33°—38 3-10 perches to a post; thence south 49½° west, 50 3-10 perches to stones; thence south 40½° west, 108 perches to the place of beginning—containing 44 acres and 8 perches neat measure, less ninety perches conveyed by John Rolf to John Morley, by deed dated March 31, A. D., 1857, recorded in Centre county, in Deed book, "P," page 47, &c. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Mary Meyers, Administratrix of Joseph Beezer, deceased.

No. 15.

Suit of H. Levy vs. D. H. Parsons.
No. 128, August term, 1880. Debt, $12.60. Fi fa. No. 54, August term, 1880. Furst, Att'y.

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in the village of Milesburg, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by water street, on the south by alley, on the west by lot of John Sweirs, and on the east, by lot of Mrs. Jane Ryman—containing ¼ acre, more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of D. H. Parsons.

No. 16.

Suit of Sol Schmidt vs. Mrs. P. Donahue, Administratrix, et al.
No. 263, January term, 1877. Debt, $153.43. Vend. Ex. No. 82, August term, 1880. Hoy, Att'y.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Rush township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north and northwest, by Moshannon Creek, on the east and southeast, by lot of John Bordream, on the east and southeast by an alley, and on the South, by the turnpike road leading from Philipsburg to Curwensville—containing one and one-fourth acres, more or less. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Mrs. Patrick Donahue, Administratrix of, &c., of P. Donahue, now Mrs. Patrick Collins and Patrick Collins.

No. 17.

Suit of Hagerstown Agricultural Implement Company vs. Michael Meyers.
No. 261, Nov. term, 1877. Debt, $147.25. Vend. Ex. No. 84 August term, 1880. Y. & H., Att'ys.

All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Benner township Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north, by lands of Wm. Thomas' heirs, on the east, by lands of T. C. Rumberger, on the south, by lands of Philip Reudes and on the west, by lands of Leah Lowry—containing 150 acres, more or less; thereon erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house, log barn and other outbuildings.

Also, all that certain tract of land situate in Benner township, Centre county, Pa., adjoining the first described tract, bounded on the north by lands of Wm. A. Thomas estate, on the east, by above described tract, on the south, by lands of John Eckley, and on the west, by lands of James Lowry—containing 56 acres, more or less; thereon erected a one and a half story frame house, log barn and other outbuildings. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Michael Meyers.

No. 18.

Suit of heirs and legal representatives of Joel Kling, Sr., vs. Joel Kling, Jr.
No. 67 April term, 1878. Debt, $666.82. Fi. fa. No. 85 Aug. term, 1880. Keller, Att'y.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Marion township, Centre county, Pa: Bounded on the north by Main street, on the east by road leading to Jacksonville, south by lands of Adam Yearick and on the west by lands of Mrs. Susan Hoy—containing ¾ acre more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable, two shops and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joel Kling, Jr.

No. 19.

All the right, title and interest of defendants in all that certain tract of land situate in Rush township, Centre county, Pa., in the warrantee name of John Hambright and described according to a survey made thereof by David Hough on the 30th day of August, A. D., 1858: Beginning at a pine tree corner; thence extending by a tract of land in the warrantee name of Andrew Graff, north 51½° east, 314 perches more or less to a white pine, a corner; thence by a tract of land in the warrantee name of Casper Shaffner, south 38½° east, 2 3 perches more or less to a red oak tree or black oak fallen; thence by a tract of land in the warrantee name of Robert Speer, south 51½° west, 320 perches more or less to a post; thence by a tract of land in the warrantee name of George Huffnagle, north 38½° west, 232 perches more or less to the place of beginning—containing 433 acres and 100 perches and allowance.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendants in all that certain tract or piece of land situate in Rush township, Centre county, Pa., in the warrantee name of Andrew Graff: Beginning at a hemlock tree, a corner; thence extending north 56° west, 320 perches more or less to a pine tree corner; thence by a tract of land in the warrantee name of Christian Musser, south 40° east, 230 perches more or less to a sugar tree, a corner; thence by a tract of land in the warrantee name of John Hambright, south 50° west, 320 perches more or less to a pine tree corner; thence by a tract of land in the warrantee name of Sebastian Graff, north 40° east, 230 perches, more or less to place of beginning—containing 433 acres and 153 perches more or less.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendants in all that certain tract or piece of land situate partly in Rush township, aforesaid, and partly in Morris township, Clearfield county, Pa.: Bounded on the north by lands late of the estate of Henry Loraine, deceased, on the east by lands of Quay and Kyler, on the south by lands in warrantee name of Andrew Graff, on the west by lands late of Brenner and Company—containing 407 acres and 127 perches, surveyed April 1, 1794, on warrant in name of Christian Musser. Thereon erected two frame houses, an old saw mill and other outbuildings.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendants in all that certain tract of land situate in Morris township, Clearfield county, Pa.; Beginning at a stone heap, formerly a white oak corner; thence by lands late of Lever and Loraine south 220¼ perches to a post, east 154 perches to a post; thence by lands surveyed to Robert Rainey north 220 5-10 perches to a white pine, along lands surveyed to Stephen Kingston, 154 perches to the place of beginning—containing 209 acres and 37 perches and allowance, and was surveyed in pursuance of a warrant dated March 13, A. D. 1837, issued to Leonard Kyler.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendants in land situate in Morris township, Clearfield county, Pa.: Beginning at a fallen hemlock; thence south 2½° west, 218 perches to a white pine; thence north 87½° west, 318 6-10 perches to a maple tree; thence north 2½° east, 163 5-10 perches to a post; thence south 84° west, 69 3-10 perches to a post, north 2° east, 69 3-10 perches to a hemlock; thence south 83° east, 247 5 10 perches to the place of beginning—containing 412 acres and 84 perches, more or less. Being part of a larger tract surveyed in the name of John Houston.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendants in all that certain tract of land situate in Morris township, Clearfield county, Pa.: Beginning at a spruce corner; thence by Daniel Milk purchase north 88° west, 160 perches to a pine; thence by John Taylor and John Houston surveys 225 perches to a pine, south 1½° west course, called in the original survey south; thence east 76 perches to a post; thence north 1½° east, 105 perches to a spruce; thence south 88½° east, 84 perches; thence north 1½° east, 120 perches to the place of beginning—containg 170 acres. Being parts of two surveys in warrantee names of David Beverage and Francis Johnston. Thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable and other outbuildgs. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jacob Mock, with notice to John Wagner and W. E. Wagner, as terre tenants.

NOTE.—The undivided one-third part of the above described tracts of land will be sold at the same time and place by Wm. T. Kirk, Esq., trustee for certain crediters of Wagoner & Bro. Terms made known on day of sale.

No. 20.

Suit of Bellefonte Building and Loan Association, use of, vs. Edward Brown.
No. 75 Jan'y term, 1877. Debt, $300. Fi. fa. No. 89 August term, 1880. Spangler, Att'y.

All that certain part of the lot or piece of ground situate on the northwest corner of Bishop street and Allegheny street in the borough of Bellefonte: Beginning and adjoining the old store room of William Ickhoff; thence on straight line north to line; thence along Curtin's line to Allegheny street; thence along Allegheny street to the corner of Bishop street; thence along said Bishop street west to the place of beginning—containing 55 feet and one inch on Bishop street and 50 feet on Allegheny street, be the same more or less. It being a part of a certain messuage and lot of ground situate in the borough aforesaid, containing 50 feet front on Allegheny and extending thence by a line along Bishop street westward 100 feet to a post; thence by a line parallel with Allegheny street to the intersection of the lot of Roland Curtin; thence by lot No. 91 in the general plan of said borough to Allegheny street, which Joseph J. Lingle, high sheriff of Centre county, did on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1852, by deed poll, grant, convey and sell unto H. Brockerhoef of the aforesaid borough; thereon erected a three-story frame building, used as a store room and offices.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting on Bishop street about 60 feet and extending back along east side of Allegheny street about 200 feet to Logan street, on the east by lot of George W. Blackford and on the west by Allegheny street; thereon erected a large two-story stone building, known as the "Butts House" and other outbuildings.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate on the corner of Allegheny and Bishop streets, in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting on Bishop street about 60 feet and extending back along the west side of Allegheny street about 200 feet to Logan street, and on the west by lot of Mrs. Howard, and on the east by Allegheny street; thereon erected a two-story frame building, used as a ware room, together with smaller buildings, used as tenant houses.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the north by Logan alley, on the east by lands of Charles McCafferty and John McDermot, on the south by lands of Valentines & Co., and on the west by Allegheny street and lots of H. H. Kline, P. McCaffrey, John Pacini and James Burns and the Reservoir, less ninety perches conveyed by John Rolf to John Morley, by deed dated March 31, A. D., 1857, recorded in Centre county, in Deed book, "P," page 47, &c. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Mary Meyers, Administratrix of Joseph Beezer, deceased.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the north by lot of John D. Lieb's heirs, on the east by Allegheny street, on the south by lands of Valentines & Co., and on the west by lot of Lawrence O'Leary; being 145 feet on Allegheny street, and extending back to lot of Lawrence O'Leary 127 feet. No buildings.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the north by lot of said E. Brown, on the east by Allegheny street, on the south by lot of John D. Lieb's heirs, and on the west by lot of said E. Brown; being 50 feet front on Allegheny street and extending back to other lot of said Brown 127 feet. No buildings.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the north by lot of Sarah Treziyulny, on the east by Allegheny street, on the south by lot of E. Brown, and on the west by lot of Hale's heirs; being 50 feet front on Allegheny street, and extending back to lands of Hale's heirs; thereon erected a two-story frame house and other outbuildings.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the north by lot of Hale's heirs, on the east by lot of said Ed. Brown and Lieb's heirs, on the south by lot of John and Lawrence O'Leary, and on the west by Spring street; being 124½ feet front on Spring street, and extending back 272 feet to lot of said Ed. Brown and Lieb's heirs. No buildings.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on Fifth Avenue, the southeast corner of lot of P. Benner Wilson; thence along said lot north 11° 30' west, 384 feet to lot of E. M. Blanchard; thence along the same north 67° 45' east, 242 feet to line of land of James Armor's heirs; thence along said land south 19° east, 384 feet to Fifth Avenue; thence along said street south 67° 45' west, 289 feet to the place of beginning—containing 2 acres and 43 perches; being lot No. 20 in Shugert and Harris' addition to the borough of Bellefonte. No buildings.

Also, all that certain messuage, tenement or lot of ground, situate in Central City, Centre county, Pa., and designated as lot No. 112, in the general plan or plot of said Central City, it being the same lot of ground which E. C. Humes and Adam Hoy, Administrators of James T. Hale, deceased, by their deed dated, March 14, 1867, conveyed to Rebecca Lewis; thereon erected a two-story frame building.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., fronting 20 feet on Logan street and extending back 200 feet to Logan alley, bounded on the north by Logan street, on the east, by lot of E. Fortney, on the south by Logan alley and on the west, by a private alley; thereon erected a two-story frame building.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by Frank Steinkerchner, on the east by a private alley, on the south by lot of D. M. Wagner, and on the west by Allegheny street, being 50 feet front on Allegheny street, and extending back 123 feet to private alley; thereon erected a two-story double house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Edward Brown.

No 21.

Suit of Robert Valentine, use of, vs. Abram Stewart.
No. 139, April term, 1876. Debt, $995.46. Plu. Fi. fa. No. 91, August term, 1880. Hoy, Att'y.

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa: bounded on the north, by lot of Mrs. Riddle, on the east, by old Lewittown pike, on the south by lot of John Swarm, and on the west by lot of E. Gettle—containing five and one-half acres, more or less; thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable and other outbuildings.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.: Bounded on the north, by lot of Pruners, on the east, by Spring street, on the south by lot of Mrs. Glenn, and on the west, by an alley and lot of James D. Harris' heirs, fronting on Spring street about 300 feet and containing one and a half acres, more or less; thereon erected two story frame house, stable and other outbuildings.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of land situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.: bounded on the east, by an alley, on the west, by the estate of James D. Harris, on the south, by same and on the north, by alley—containing one-fourth acre, more or less; no buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Abraham Stewart.

No. 22.

Suit of Bellefonte Building and Loan Association vs. Wm. Shortlidge.
No. 335, August term, 1879. Debt, $1,000. Al. lev. fa. No. 95, August term, 1880. B. & G., Att'ys.

All that messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner of the property of Simon S. Wolf, on Thomas street; thence along said street, north, 3° east, 27 feet to the fence on line separating said lot from lot of Harper Bro.'s; thence north, 87° west 200 feet to an alley; thence by said alley, south, 3° west 27 feet to lot of said Simon S. Wolf; thence by said lot south, 87° east 200 feet to the place of beginning—containing 20 perches, more or less; thereon erected a two-story house, and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Shortlidge.

No. 23.

Suit of Casper Peters vs. John A. Stover.
No. 337, Nov. term, 1875. Debt, $330 90. Fi. fa. No. 47, August term, 1880. Y. & H., Atty's.

All that certain tract of land situate in Liberty township, Centre county, Pa.; bounded on the east, by —— Lucas, on the west, by land of James T. Kunes, on the south by land of Spangler and Clark, and north, by lands of J. Bechdle's estate—containing 10 acres, more or less.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate near Eagleville, Liberty township, Centre county, Pa.: bounded on the north, by Wm. Singer, on the south, by E. Plotts, on the east, by public road, and on the west, by J. T. Clark—containing 1 acre more or less.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of land situate near Eagleville, Liberty township, Centre county, Pa.: bounded on the east by John ——, south by an alley, on the north by J. F. Clark, and on the west, by Wm. Kunes—containing two acres, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John A. Stover.

TERMS CASH.—No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

JOHN SPANGLER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., Aug. 4, 1880. 3w

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SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

BOSTON, August 11.—The aggregate census returns show the population of Massachusetts to be 1,783,812, an increase of nineteen per cent over the figures of the last census.

ATLANTIC CITY, August 11.—There was another row at the Sea View Excursion House yesterday, in which the local police force was badly used up. Mayor Wright attempted to interfere and was assaulted and his clothing torn. With the aid of citizens the disturbance was finally quelled, but not until several persons were injured.

LONDON, August 11.—A telegram from Aden reports that the steamer Jeddah, from Singapore, foundered off Guardani on the 8th with 943 pilgrims for Jeddah. All on board perished, except the captain, his wife, the chief engineer, chief officer, an engineer, and sixteen natives who were picked up and brought to Aden by the steamer Scindia,

HARRISBURG, August 11. — The court records in the case of Patrick Hayes, who murdered his wife in Philadelphia and was sentenced to be hanged, were received at the State Department to-day. This is the fifth case before the Governor awaiting the issuance of the death warrant. The persons under sentence of death are the wife of a man named Smith, who was murdered in Lycoming county a few months ago, and her paramour, named Miller, who, with the woman's criminal knowledge, beat her husband to death and afterward hanged him in the barn to divert suspicion; Frank Small, of Allegheny, D. F. Sullivan, and Patrick Hayes.

COLUMBUS, August 11.—The soldiers' reunion opened with a salute of thirty-eight guns this morning. Excursion trains arrived to-day from all directions. The exercises commenced this afternoon at the fair grounds. Attorney General Nash delivered an address of welcome. Governor Foster responded on behalf of the people. Col. Anderson, of the Columbus Barracks, delivered an address on "The Regular Army," and Adjutant General Gibson spoke of "The Volunteer." The exercises closed with the introduction of the prominent military men present, and at sundown an artillery salute of thirteen guns was fired. It is estimated that 15,000 people arrived here to-day, some trains using open cars with boards thrown across for seats. The railroads were not able to accommodate all who desired to visit the reunion to-day.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—Some further light is thrown upon the mysterious duel which occurred in the outskirts of this city last Friday by evidence developed to-day. A man and boy have been found who met the carriage driving along the Glenwood-Cemetery Road toward this city on Friday morning, about 8 o'clock, and saw it stop at the sprig on the edge on Berry's woods, near the Sprague Place, when four men got out. One man was in his shirt sleeves, his right arm being quite bloody. Water was procured at the spring and the man's arm was washed and bound up, and getting into the carriage, the party drove on again. These witnesses say that the man who appeared to be the doctor of the party told the driver to hurry up or they would miss that Virginia Midland train. This makes it probable that the parties to the duel were strangers, who came here to fight from Virginia, and left town at once.

PITTSBURGH, August 11.—The mystery surrounding the murder of the young man Corcoran, whose body was found under Tenth street bridge last Sunday, is gradually unraveling. This afternoon two men were arrested who will likely throw some light on the matter. One is a barge maker, who says he was sleeping in a barge near the place where the body was found, and was aroused early on Sunday morning. He observed a man rowing in a skiff from the south side, and at the same time saw two men come down the bank of the river, apparently to meet the man in the skiff. When the latter jumped out of the boat the big man on shore told him he should divide. The man said he would not do it. Then the big man struck him on the head with a hatchet. The man dropped over and death ensued in a short time. When he was asked how he he saw the occurrence, he said he peeped over the side of the barge. It is said he told the story to several parties, but to day he declined to repeat his assertions to Chief Pender and is still in custody. It is scarcely probable that the deceased was killed in a house, and that the body, after having been washed and the bloody clothes removed, was carried to the place where it was discovered. The police seem confident that they are on the right track now. A boy who is supposed to know something about the mystery is in custody at the Central Police station.

NEW YORK, August 12.—At 10 o'clock yesterday morning, in the tenement house at 141 Thompson street, Amedee Bigot, a French tinner, cut the throat of Mrs. Mariette Renaut, a married woman, who had rejected his advances. The woman died instantly. Bigot then cut his own throat. The woman was a housekeeper in the tenement, forty-three years of age and the mother of seven children. The murderer lost his wife two years ago, and her death is supposed to have unsettled his mind. He attempted suicide six months ago. Mrs. Renaut had been very kind to him since his wife's death. This morning he entered her apartment and excitedly asked her to marry him. She refused, where upon he drew a razor and committed the deed. The wound nearly severed her head from her body. The woman ran into the hall and fell dead. Bigot then cut his own throat, rushed into the street and was arrested. There was no evidence of a struggle in the room, but the door was horribly bespattered with blood.

NEWARK, August 12.—The latest sensation in Newark is the sudden departure of Mr. Charles F. Dutcher, late editor and proprietor of the *Morning News*. He effected a sale of the paper on Monday to Mr. S. W. Stevens, for which he received the cash, and instead of liquidating numerous claims against him he forthwith pocketed the money and left the city. A part of his baggage, two trunks were found at the Pan Handle depot checked for Chicago, where it is supposed he has gone. The trunks were attached by one of the creditors. The main part of his indebtedness was due to employes in the office and carrier boys who can ill afford to lose it. The paper comes out in a very bitter article against Dutcher, denouncing him in the strongest terms. Dutcher came here several months ago.

CROWN POINT, IND., August 12.—Fifteen of the rear cars of a freight train on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad broke away from the other portion of the train, day before yesterday, while it was ascending a grade about three miles east o Crown Point. The cars ran back against another freight train just then commencing the ascent of the grade. The caboose, which contained the conductor, brakeman and four drovers, was run into by the engine of the incoming train, and the occupants were badly scalded and otherwise injured. One of the cattle men, a brother of Judge McAlister, of this city, died almost instantly from injuries received, and it is thought the brakeman and engineer cannot live.

WASHINGTON, Pa., August 12.—Yesterday afternoon about four o'clock two men were killed by lightning on the Pittsburgh Southern railroad near Penn station. They were laborers on the road and during the storm had taken shelter under a large tree near the track. The tree was badly torn and must have received a heavy charge. Kelley and Cain were the names of the deceased. They were brought by the evening train to Penn station where they had been boarding. A man who helped put them in the car says no evidences of violence could be seen on them.

LONDON, August 12.—A meeting convened by Mr. Thorold Roger, member of Parliament, was held yesterday to consider the formation of a company for the purchase and sale of land in the United States, with a view of furthering the emigration of small farmers and assisting such emigration by loans on the security of the land sold and occupied. A committee was formed to promote the undertaking.

A facetious census enumerator calls his book of names a new edition of the "Conflict of Ages."

The mosquito has six legs and only one mouth. Let us therefore be thankful that if it does bite it dosen't kick.

Children are born bright enough, but are too apt to degenerate into fools and noboddies through the pernicious effects of parental example.

The fashionable colors for early fall wear are pheasant red; *tete de faisan;* false blue, *lapss; rouge de Venice*, tawney red, and various shades of metallic, olive and bottle green, and for evening the glaucus green of marsh grasses.

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and such it really is when taken in time and according to the very plain directions inclosing each bottle.

In such diseases, the attack is usually sudden and frequently very acute; **but with a safe remedy at hand** for immediate use, **there is scl om danger of the fatal result** which so often follows a few days' neglect.

The inclination to wait and see if the morrow does not bring a better feeling, not infrequently occasions a vast amount of needless suffering, and **sometimes costs a life.** A timely dose of Pain Killer will almost invariably save both, and with them the attendant doctor's fee.

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PORTABLE, TRACTION, and STRAW-BURNING STEAM-ENGINES, with special features of Power, Durability, Safety, Economy, and Beauty entirely unknown in other makes. Steam-Power Outfits and Steam-Power Separators a specialty. Four sizes of Separators, from six to twelve horse power; also two styles Improved Mounted Horse Powers.

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Before making the needed alterations in this enlargement, we will sell a large portion of our present stock by making such reductions in prices from time to time as will make it the interest of every buyer to personally see the inducements we are offering, or write us for what you may want,—Our Mail Department promptly and carefully attending to all communications addressed to us.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Many Special Bargains will be shown in every department, in addition to the full regular stock always shown by our house. We have Black and Colored Silks, Satins in Blacks and Colors, Velvets, Brocades, and many elegant materials now so much used in combining and trimming.

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In Dress Goods are the Plain and Figured Materials made by the French and English, also all the desirable American fabrics, the prices of which run from 6c. to $1.25, most of which have been marked away down. In Silks, too, we have some rare bargains.

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☞ In Linens, Cottons, and General House-Furnishing Dry Goods, including Table Linens, Towels, Sheetings, Quilts, Shirtings, etc., the assortment is very full and complete.

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EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF WILLIAM LEVY, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of William Levy, deceased, late of Milesburg borough, having been granted the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

MRS. SARAH LEVY,
Milesburg, June 28, 1880. 26-6t Executrix.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF DAVID DALE, DECEASED.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of David Dale, deceased, late of College township, Centre county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

30-3t THOMAS DALE, Executor.

Van Dyke's SOLPHUR SOAP.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE.

FOR the cure of Cutaneous Diseases of all descriptions it is without a rival. Having long been in the market and thoroughly tested by the medical faculty and the public, it is needless to enter into details upon its virtues. Price 25 cents a cake, or 3 cakes for 60 cents. For sale by druggists and country storekeepers. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, Third and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia. 28-1y

BUSH HOUSE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

IS OPEN.

27-3m D. P. PETERS, Prop'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JOHN S. SOMMERVILLE, late of Snow Shoe township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

27-6t JAMES L. SOMMERVILLE, Administrator.

J. H. MORRISON,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Representing a number of the Best and Safest Companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.

Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v9n14

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Haying Time is Near at Hand

And we are prepared to sell the FARMERS not only anything they want in the line of

HARDWARE,

But ESPECIALLY

Grass and Grain SCYTHES,

THE LEADER

Self Dump Horse Hay Rake,

THE NEW AND IMPROVED

TURKEY WING GRAIN CRADLE

THE DOUBLE HARPOON HORSE HAY FORK,

HAY ROPE AND TACKLE BLOCKS, PITCHFORKS, HAND RAKES

And everything needed in the Haying and Harvest seasons.

HUMES' BLOCK, ALLEGHENY STREET

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Book Store.

THE MODEL BOOK STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

JOHN C. MILLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Books,
Fancy Goods,
Photograph Albums,
Stationery
Pocketbooks,
Gold Pens,
Wall Paper,
Umbrellas,
Window Shadows and Fixtures,
Toilet Sets
Fancy Chinaware
Japanese Goods,
Toys, Toys,
Cigars, Etc., Etc.

SCHOOL BOOKS FOR EVERY TOWNSHIP IN THE COUNTY.

DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS

11-6

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice. 7-8-tf

PAINTERS.

DOAK & LONBERGER,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 28-1y

Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER,

Furst's Building.) High street,-Bellefonte

☞ H. C. WEAVER'S

Cuban Cigar Store,

(Under First National Bank,)

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.,

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

Cigars of Every Quality

to suit the country trade, manufactured by him from selected stock. Also a large assortment of

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOS,

SNUFF AND PIPES,

In fact, every kind of Smokers' Articles.

Dealers will consult their interest by calling on him before purchasing elsewhere.

He cannot be undersold, his motto being "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

v12n11tf H. C. WEAVER

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—Houtzdale is to have a $6,000 school-house.

—Harvest home picnics are numerous throughout the country.

—Buy your winter coal now. It is going to be high next month.

—The B. & S. S. Railroad is doing a heavy passenger business just now.

—They do say Harry Green keeps the best cigars in town. Call and try them.

—The Democrats of Union county have nominated Hon. A. H. Dill for Congress.

—Mrs. Joseph Twitmire is lying dangerously ill with organic disease of the throat.

—Lovers of a good cigar can find one to their fancy at Harry Green's, for just five cents.

—If you want the boss cigar, go to Harry Green in the Bush House block. He has got them.

—The Hancock Club, of Bellefonte, put up a very nice transparency at their club room last Saturday.

—Editor Kinsloe has been presented with the skin of a monster rattlesnake which has twenty-seven rattles.

—The Williamsport *Daily Banner* is the authority which says "the women of the South are opposed to a free press."

—The trout which inhabit Spring creek seem to be a great curiosity to strangers who wander in that direction.

—This is the idyllic season of the year when a fellow feels like throwing himself into the creek and float away with the tide.

—The Unionville Republican Club room will be open every night this week for the transaction of business of the different clubs.

—Some women were born to blush unseen, for they were never seen to blush. We say this with the kindliest feelings, my dears.

—General Grant has issued an order to the Boys in Blue, calling upon them to organize, to promote the election of Garfield and Arthur.

—Five disciples of Tanner have undertaken a starving match at New York. The winner is to receive a purse of one thousand dollars.

—The Silver Greys, of Bellefonte, will meet to-night (Wedesday) at eight o'clock sharp for drill. It is hoped that all will be present.

—If there is any borough or township in the county that has not organized a Garfield and Arthur club they should do so at once. Organize! Organize!

—Mrs. John G. Love, who has been quite ill for several days past, we are glad to learn, is very much improved and will soon be about again as well as ever.

—Seventeen years ago on the third of July last, Hancock dispersed a large Democratic meeting at Gettysburg. What changes a few years will bring about!

—Says one 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' is the best liniment for human flesh I ever used, and thousands have extolled it in similar terms. See their advertisement.

—Ezra B. Taylor has been nominated in Gen. Garfield's district to succeed him in the House of Representatives. The nomination is spoken of as a very good one.

—It is said that money is being sent over from England to aid the election of Hancock, in view of the fact that he is running on a free-trade platform. This is not to be wondered at.

—Perhaps people will see now that Tanner was not quite a fool when they learn that a lecture bureau has offered him $1500 a week to appear under their auspices throughout the country.

—Johnny Powers is one of the most earnest workers we have in the Murphy movement. When John Powers takes hold of a good work he works with all his might. He has a heart as big as an ox. "God bless him."

—Miss Bella Shortlidge and Miss Marian Shortlidge, the latter a daughter of President Shortlidge, of State College, and the former a cousin, are spending a few days at the home of Colonel Shortlidge, of this place.

—Rev. Donahue, in his remarks at the Court House Sunday evening, said that the sale of spiritous liquors had fallen off five hundred dollars in the past week. This remark was responded to by a cheer of approval from the immense audience.

Mr. Murphy's Gratifying Success.

It seemed as though if possible the Murphy temperance meeting on Friday night was more interesting than any of its predecessors. The Court House was packed to its utmost capacity, every seat was occupied, the isles were full, the judges' desk, the window sills, the steps leading to the judges' stand, and in fact every spot and place where a person could sit or stand was occupied.

Mr. Murphy was as interesting as ever, and with him were many others ready to do all they could to help along the work. Speeches were made by the ministers of the different churches, and the singing by the choir added no little to the attractions of the occasion, nor was the effort fruitless in result. Eighty-four persons signed the pledge "By the help of God to abstain from the use of spiritous liquors" for the balance of their lives. May God help them to keep inviolate the solemn obligation.

The following list embraces the full number of persons who had signed the pledge up to last Saturday night:

Harry Wilson,	Edith Harris,
John K Webb,	Sallie Brown,
John P Williams,	Mary A Martin,
Mrs Harris,	S E Skinner,
Mrs Twitmire,	Rachel Ammerman,
James Loft,	Annie Orvis,
John Wian,	Jack Holmes,
John Shyert,	Abner Hoy,
James Orbison,	Mamie Hoy,
Robert Sommerville,	Lizzie Brown,
Donald Sommerville,	Lawrence Wran,
Levi L Jackson,	John F Potter,
F B Ellvin,	D W Jones,
N S Valentine,	Emily W Hughes,
Julia Sibley,	J W Swarm,
Mrs Wistar Morris,	Mrs Roberts, N Y,
W W Bayard,	M C Roberts, do
Mrs Evan Blanchard,	James Hughes,
Wm C Barringer,	Mary Potter,
Isaac Lose,	Emma Hughes,
Robert Doak,	Fanny I Twitmire,
Geo Rodgers,	Alton Twitmire,
Mat Dooley,	Calvin Potter,
Richard McCafferty,	Huston Rhoads,
John Powers,	Wilber Twitmire,
W H Wian,	Mary Linn,
Harry Davis,	Sallie Benner,
George Wolf,	Kirk Tate,
J Irvin Armstrong,	Calvin Lose,
Harry E Jenkins,	Mitch Lieb,
Wm Wolf,	S Ryan,
Geo Barrett,	Kate Bullock,
Wm Wolf,	John Bartruff,
H W Tibbins,	Joseph Miles,
John Given,	J H Crissman,
Clide Blackford,	John Irwin,
J H Oreen,	Jadid Rothrock,
C S Pownell,	Judge Divins,
Roland Curtin,	R L Erhard,
Miss M M Curtin,	Wm Doll,
Elmer Gartzell,	John Shope,
Minnie Laurie,	Mrs Judge Divins,
Mary Linn,	E G Osborn,
Chester B Craye,	I T Tibbins,
Emily Harris,	Jas Schofield,
Agnes McCormick,	Edward Sands,
Ralph Mann,	Kate Linton,
Willie Rogers,	W R Cook,
Oscar Sternberg,	Maggie Rogers,
Wm I Wolf,	A N Sibbins,
Harry Cook,	Willie Parton,
Oscar Myers,	Mary Sankey,
Harry Sternberg,	Andrew Morrison,
Paul Sternberg,	Martha G Swartz,
John D Linton,	Robert Y Lewis,
Jos Folk,	J C Steel,
Ed Powers,	Harry Schroyer,
Thomas Hepburn,	C McClellan,
Jos Parsons,	M Steel,
Thomas Henry,	Al Haupt,
W W Bayard,	Perry Steel,
John Barnes,	R B Larrimer,
James McCafferty,	A O Yeager,
Peter Burn,	Thos Scleming,
Isaac McCortney,	Albert Beaney,
Asher Adams,	Archer Bathurst,
Edward Warren,	E E Creamer,
J H Carner,	W C Kuhn,
John Powers, Jr.,	Budd Thompson,
Frank Brown,	Chester Sutten,
Harry Benner,	Henry Iddings,
Merdon Haupt,	Wm Knopp,
Lawrence Butts,	Homer McAlister,
Jno McGinley,	Wm Witmer,
George Bayard,	Jos H Ryan,
Mr. Sc.tion,	Simon H Robey,
S Steel	Wm Rogers,
G Commerhoss,	S Ressel,
S H Williams,	Annie Riemas,
Geo Cox,	David Sibert,
Chas McClure,	Miss Sue Morgan,
Simm Haupt	Mrs Keller,
Geo W. Shirk,	Gilbert Beaver,
Austin Curtin,	Mrs S E Allison,
Frank Hunter,	Harry Keller,
C B Armstrong,	John Thomas,
Daniel Klinger,	A B Steel,
Jas Fish,	Jas Cornely,
Hiram Hughes,	Corney M Garman,
Newton Haupt,	Mrs Mary Reesner,
Susan Waren,	Mary Reesner,
Allan C ochap,	Mrs Dr. Hays,
O Land,	J H Chamberlain,
E Milton Straus,	F Gressinger,
C Rodgers,	H B Smith,
Wm M McClure,	F W Crider,
Jas T McCully,	F C Richard,
W E Brown,	Robt Meanight,
G I Weaver,	S I Reasner,
Lott Stratton,	D M Wagner,
G G Tate,	Edwd Roan,
D C Brooks,	A Ammerman,
John Tate,	John Reasner,
Caleb Kepheart,	Wm Reasner,
Harry Holmes,	J M Kepheart,
W I Cox,	E S Dorworth,
W L Rothrock,	G A Bayard,
O Yearger,	Jos Powers,
H E Yearger,	I Smith,
M Keache,	H P Harris, Jr,
W T Miller,	H C Yeager,
A Fellenbaum,	Willie Keller,
H Baney,	H W Brisbin,
H Stratton,	S Linn Longwell,
Jos Rodgers,	Dr A Hibler,
W Longwell,	John Waite,
Elmer Strauss,	Edwd Reasner,
Geo Bush,	I H Richards,
Geo D Pifer,	Wm Haupt,
John Hofer,	John McDermott, Jr,
Willie Shope,	C B Nolan,
Finley E Johnston,	Chas Roan,
Dilward Cunningham,	Ambrose Rhoads,
Mitch Cunningham,	A Herkheimer,
I C Haupt,	Wm Derstine,
A R Hall,	Geo L Lee,
H B Pontius,	Geo M Leidy,
W S Lucas,	Philip McGinley,
Albert Hall,	Robert Irvin,
I McDonald,	Bond Valentine,
H W Butts,	Theodore Deschner,
R McKnight, Jr,	Geo Cleaver,
A F Landis,	C E Schroeder,
C McLaughlin,	Victor Koontz,
David Crosswaait,	Jas McDermott,
Richard Barlet,	H I Maston,
A O Furst,	Clifford Lucas,
John Wian, Jr.,	

—The Democrats of this town are very anxious to believe that Senator Conkling, of New York, is so disappointed because Grant was not nominated that he will not take an active part in the coming contest. For their benefit we will say we have received information right from the Senator himself that "he in a very short time intends to begin an active campaign." Another hope of the Democracy blasted. It is always thus.

—The trial of Harry English, the Elk county outlaw, will take place in September. It is understood the prisoner has secured the services of Hon. A. B. Richmond, of Meadville, and J. J. Metzgar, of Williamsport, while the county has employed Hons. G. Jenks, of Brookville, and J. G. Hall, of Ridgeway, to assist the district attorney.

A Political Tramp.

In this issue of the REPUBLICAN we publish a letter from the irrepressible Jimmie Schofield, not "the hero of two wars," but a political vagabond, or tramp, who has for the last four years tramped all over the political field—been a Republican, then a Greenbacker, and now a full-fledged Democrat. He says that some Republican or Republicans have been telling lies about him, in that they reported some portion of his recent speeches incorrectly. It may be so, yet we question whether Jim knows what he does say when he is on the stump. He runs on with a lot of hodge-podge, out of which no intelligent man can gather a word of reason; therefore, while we do not believe Jim would be so foolish as to give utterance to the words with which he is charged, yet he may have said something approximating to it. He says in his letter he never voted the Democratic ticket, when it is a notorious fact known to all Bellefonte that last spring he left his shop and worked a whole day at the polls to secure the success of the Democratic ticket, and voted that ticket himself without a scratch, and it is strongly suspected by some, and not without reason, that his present flop over was brought about through a feeling of spite, and thereby hangs a tale. Jim is a School Director. The Democrats have four and the Republicans four on the board, and Jim as a Greenbacker—elected as a Greenbacker—holds the balance of power. Last spring the Democracy offered Jim the office of Secretary of the Board if he would vote with them. He consented thus to sell himself in the market; but when the matter was to be tried in the election there was found one Democrat (Mr. Heinle) too honorable to be a party to this transaction. When the Democrats saw that Jim could not be elected, Mr. Bower was nominated for the position, with the understanding that Jim should be left to perform the duties. But this trick would not work with Mr. Heinle, and Mr. Durbin Gray was elected. This, together with the supposed fact that Jim has been promised a re-election by the Democrats, has converted him from his glorious Greenback hobby to hard-money Democracy. He says he is an independent voter. So it would seem if by independence he means voting with one party this year, another party next and still another party the third. The next place we expect to find this political weather cock is in the ranks of the Prohibition army shouting at the top of his voice for Dow and Thompson.

The Silver Greys.

The Republicans of the borough, over forty years of age, assembled at the Republican club room to perfect their organization to be known as the Silver Greys.

The meeting organized by choosing Dr. Thomas R. Hays President, and John T. Johnston Secretary. On taking the chair the President made a few remarks, stating the object of the meeting.

On motion the President was directed to appoint a committee to select officers for the company, The committee made the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

Captain—W. S. Tripple.

1st Lieut.—Thos. R. Hays.

2d Lieut.—Daniel McGinley.

Committee on Finance—John P Harris, Jesse Klinger, Thos. R. Reynolds.

Committee on Mottoes for Transparencies—Wm. Shortlidge, A. O Furst, Daniel Rhoads.

Silver-colored caps and capes were adopted.

—The Centre *Democrat* of this week contains a letter signed "Colored Republican," in which the writer attempts to manufacture colored votes for the Democratic ticket by asserting that he "overheard a leading member of the club say at the last meeting when the report of the committee was read dividing the club into three companies, 'that's a good plan, we won't now have to march around with the infernal niggers.' It is needless to inform our colored friends that this is but one of the honorable (?) means employed by the Democracy to induce colored voters to desert the Republican party. Very likely the article was conceived of and written in the *Democrat* office, and colored Regublicans will show their good sense by paying no attention to it whatever.

—David Robinson and his aged wife were thrown from a buggy near Frankstown, Blair county, last week, killing the former and fatally injuring the latter He was seventy-six years of age.

—The old wagon in which the immortal John Brown emigrated from this State to Kansas is to be presented to the State Historical Society.

Painful Accident.

Mr. George Weaver, of this place, employed in the capacity of brakeman on the B. & S. Railroad, met with a very painful accident Monday morning, which may yet prove to be more serious than is anticipated at present. While the train was ascending the heavy grade on its daily trip to Snow Shoe, Weaver was sitting on an open car, when a redhot cinder from the engine lodged in his right eye The pain was very intense The unfortunate young man was taken to Snow Shoe, and two physicians summoned, but they were unable to remove the cinder.

Weaver was brought home on the 9:45 a. m. train, and Dr. Dobbins called to his assistance. We are pleased to state that Mr. Weaver is resting easier under the careful treatment of Dr. Dobbins, and we hope he may soon have the full and free use of this injured member.

County Fair.

The Centre County Agricultural Society will hold their annual fair at their grounds near Bellefonte, October 6th, 7th and 8th, 1880. The officers for this year are:

President—E. W. Hale, of Bellefonte.

Vice-Presidents—John Rishel, of Bellefonte; George M. Boal, Centre Hall; John A. Daly, Roland; William H. Frye, Pine Grove Mills.

Executive Committee—Clement Dale, Chairman, Bellefonte; Austin Curtin, Roland; A. V. Miller, Pleasant Gap; William Thompson, Lemont; Dorsy Green, Fillmore; Isaac Frain, Walker.

Librarian—James F. Weaver, Milesburg.

Secretary and Treasurer—Wilber F. Reeder, of Bellefonte.

One Cause of It.

"Why so much drunkenness in our midst?" is a question often propounded. One gentleman gives us this as a reason: "Because the people of the upper strata of society are practically so indifferent to the subject. The men who control the church and money interests of the town seem too much absorbed in the material to spend much strength and zeal upon the inspiritual. When church members and church officers take their stand consistently with their profession, and let their love for their Master be manifest by their love for their fellow man, then shall we hope to see society pervaded by a spirit of temperance and purity. What is needed here in our town is a genuine revival in religion."

—Mr. James R. Van Ormer, of Spring twp., has turned book agent, and secured the county of Centre as his field of operations. The work he is selling is the life of Gen. Hancock, written by John W. Forney. Mr. Van Ormer is a fluent talker, so if there is anything in talk Van will sell the book. Then, again, Van is a good fellow, and we hope he will sell a book to every man in the county, except the editors, and that he will have to give them one, for we know they are all too poor to buy. We are satisfied that if all will buy this book they will come to the conclusion that Hancock is too good a soldier to be spoiled by being made a Democratic President at the dictation of the semi-barberous States.

—The total population of the State reaches 4,316,415. The only county which has not increased in population is Venango, although some of the counties show but small gains. The greatest increase has been in those counties where new coal and iron industries have been developed. Seven counties, we are informed—Blair, Butler, Cambria, Centre, Clearfield, McKean, Tioga—will get a Common Pleas Judge by themselves. Should the present ratio of Congressional representation be maintained, Pennsylvania will get six additional members of Congress.

—We have received from the "Republican Central Campaign Club Coleman House, Broadway and 27th street, New York City," a copy of a Garfield and Arthur campaign songbook, containing fifty-three songs set to music. This is one of the cheapest and best books of the kind we have seen. They are sold for four dollars per hundred, or five cents per copy. This price barely covers the cost of paper and printing. Every club should have them, and, indeed, every Republican. Address as above, or to Benjamin F. Madierre, Chairman Campaign Committee.

—What a grand thing it would be to have in Bellefonte a temperance church, with such a preacher as Francis Murphy, dropping all minor differences and standing on the broad platform of temperance. Jesus Christ was not a sectarian; his disciples were not confined to narrow ideas, and when he sent them forth to disseminate his religion, he did not give them a long creed to subscribe to, but sent them forth with this simple command, "Go preach the Gospel to every creature."

Bellefonte Temperance Union.

About four weeks ago some of the good temperance people of our town, seeing the growing evil of intemperance in our midst, decided to organize themselves into a society to be called the Bellefonte Temperance Union, the object of which should be "total abstinence and suppression of intemperance by all honorable means." The officers consist of a president, vice-president, secretary, an executive committee of seven, selected as far as practicable from the different churches of the town, under whose supervision and direction the active operations of the Union shall be conducted; a committee of three lady members to diffuse temperance literature as they deem most practicable; a committee of three lady members to organize a Children's Temperance Union or Band of Hope.

On the first Thursday of each month a business meeting will be held. Public meetings are to be held on the second Thursday of January, April, July and October.

An enforcement committee of three were appointed, who shall take such measures as will tend to a rigid prosecution of all violations regulating sale of liquor.

The following officers and committees were chosen:

President: J. P. Hughes.

Vice President: S. D. Gray.

Secretary: Newton S. Bailey.

Treasurer: Dr. J. W. Rhone.

Executive Committee: E. C. Humes, J. W. Gephart, Jas. I. McClure, Clement Dale and A. S. Loneberger.

Enforcement Committee, 1st quarter: D. S. Keller, Jas. S. Sommerville and A. J. Cook.

Committee on Literature: Clara Valentine, Mrs. W. P. Wilson and Mrs. W. T. Twitmire.

Committee to Organizing a Children's Union: Mrs. Stewart Lyon, Mrs. Thomas R. Hayes and Mrs. Austin O. Furst.

It would seem that this society was so organized that if its members take hold of the work set before them in earnest they cannot fail in doing a great temperance work in this town and county. Every man who has a child will be glad to see this movement upon the stronghold of old King Alchohol.

An Ingenious and Important Invention.

Much has been written about an invention of Edison's for separating small particles of gold from the accompanying matter, yet but little seems to have been actually accomplished in that line by the "Sage of Menlo Park."

One of our citizens, Mr. J. W. Moore, has been over the ground claimed by Mr. Edison for his invention some years ago, and claims that electricity is too expensive to be successfully employed. A device just invented by Mr. Moore, and which that gentleman has been a long while perfecting, seems to accomplish all that could be desired in separating this fine gold from other foreign matter.

This is especially the case with lean auriferous ores, such as the auriferous sands on the coast of Oregon. These sands for various reasons are not profitable to work with the appliances at present in use, but a trial of his invention with this sand gave a most satisfactory result, separating the gold as perfectly as the finest assay will do it, and with wonderful rapidity. If the machine will do what is claimed for it, it will greatly benefit the gold mining interests, and prove an immense fortune to its inventor. We believe a number of gentlemen are urging the inventor to form a stock company to put this invention to the severest test, and to introduce it.

—We have had a great many subscribers complain to us about the business locals we scatter through our reading columns, and especially those advertising the business of Sechler & Co. We assume of course that none of our readers suppose that we give these notices to our business men without pay, and therefore looking at the matter from our standpoint we do not think our patrons should complain. We also assume that there are none who do not know that there is not a county paper in the State to-day could live and pay except it receives a fair share of advertising patronage. The advertising patronage of the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN amounts to between six and eight thousand dollars a year; the subscription to between four and five thousand dollars a year. By this it will be seen that our advertising patrons pay for at least equal privileges with our subscribers. We have always watched with care the right of our subscribers, calculating always to give to them a certain average space of purely newsy literature and miscellaneous reading, having no remote connection with any advertising scheme, and doing this we think they have no right to complain. But further, advertisements are not uninteresting reading. We have often had our readers speak with satisfaction at finding certian advertisements in our paper, claiming that through them they had saved many times the price of a year's subscription, and we doubt not most of the parties that have complained at the space occupied by advertising, would complain more still if all advertisements were excluded. It is true Sechler & Co. have been liberal advertisers. They have one of the neatest and best stores in the county, and have spared no pains to let the people know it. When this firm first commenced to use this paper, they did so in a very small way but soon saw that they could use it to advantage to themselves, and for the last two years they have availed themselves of its columns without stint. Mr. Sechler is a sharp, shrewd man, a careful buyer, a thorough business man. He knows what will pay, and knowing, dares to do. He is a successful business man, and any of our readers who patronize him for meat or groceries will be sure to get a good article and the full value of their money. This firm is above doing any dishonorable transaction. Their patrons know this, and this in part is the secret of their success.

Game Laws.

The following in relation to the game laws of this State will be of interest to our sportsmen. The item should be cut out for reference. The hunting seasons are for woodcock, July 4th to January 1st; plover, July 15 to January 1; rail bird, September 1 to December 1; reed bird, September 1 to December 1; squirrel, September 1 to January 1; wild fowl, September 1 to May 15; ruffed grouse October 1 to January 1; pinnated grouse, October 1 to January 1; quail October 15 to January 1; rabbit, October 15 to January 1; wild turkey, October 15 to January 1; deer October 1 to January 1.

—County Chairman Rankin has procured fifteen hundred torches to be distributed among the various Republican clubs of the county.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, August 17, 1880.

Trade at this season of the year moves sluggishly. Some of our merchants fill up the vacuum with politics.

GRAIN.—The wheat market attracts little attention. The market is dull and prices are nominal. There is some new offering, which is generally graded as No. 2. At Baltimore and Philadelphia the market has been steady during the past fortnight. At Bellefonte, one of our mills made a break in flour prices, which has brought the retail price down to $5.00 per barrel.

HAY.—The market is well supplied from the Bald Eagle Valley at our quotations.

SEEDS.—Clover is retailing at 9½ cents a pound for common, and 10 cents a pound for mammoth or "big seed." Timothy ranges from $2.65@$3.00 per bushel of 45 lbs. as to quality.

Wheat old, per bushel	$ 95
" new, No. 1	95
" " " 2	85
" " " 3	60
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	45
Corn, shelled	45
Oats new	30
Cloverseed	5 00@5 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00
Flour, wh'esale	4 50@4 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$16 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	14 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 50
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	15
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	
Hams, sugar cured	16
Bacon	7
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	10
Potatoes per bushel	60
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	16
Lemons per doz	
Dried sweet corn per pound	8
Small Onions per quart	

—1880—

REPUBLICANS TO THE FRONT!

RALLY 'ROUND THE FLAG.

Rally to Protect American Labor.

A GRAND REPUBLICAN

NIGHT MASS MEETING

A Grand Torchlight Procession

TO TAKE PLACE AT

Bellefonte, Wednesday Evening, August 25th, 1880.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford,

OF NEW YORK CITY,

AND

DR. W. C. DOANE, OF WILLIAMSP'T, PA.

Will positively address the people and discuss the Campaign Issues.

Let those come who favor the supremacy of the Republican party.

Let those come who favor a Tariff for protection to American Labor.

Let those come who favor the right of Suffrage to all people—free and untrammeled.

Let those come who are opposed to State Sovereignty and Secession.

Let those come who are opposed to Sectionalism and the South controlling this Government.

Let those come who are opposed to the payment of Rebel War Claims.

LET ALL CITIZENS OF ALL PARTIES COME, and hear the history of the two great National Parties ably discussed.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Ch'n Rep. Co. Committee.

H. H. BENNER, CLAUDE COOK, } Secretaries.